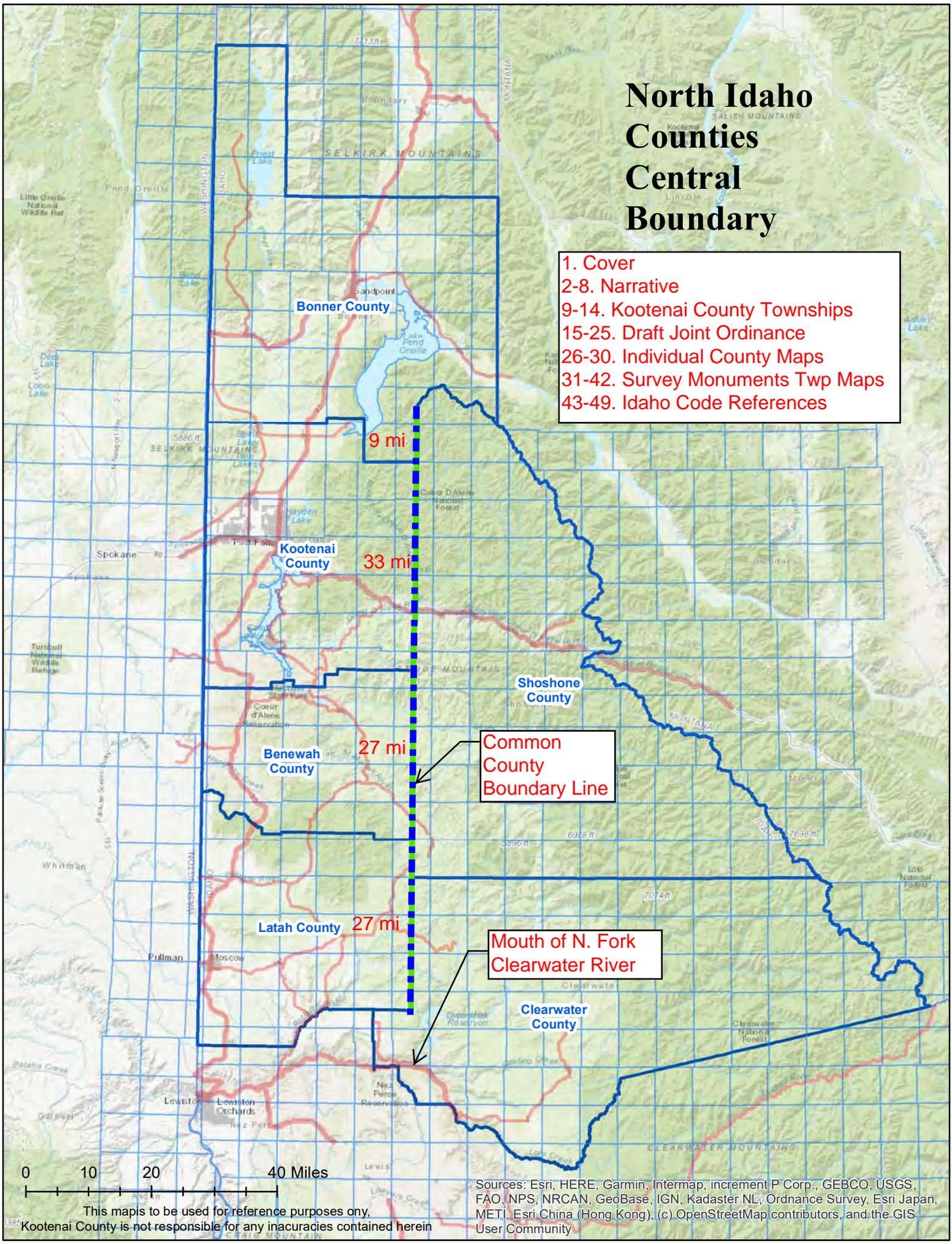


North Idaho Counties Central Boundary

- 1. Cover
- 2-8. Narrative
- 9-14. Kootenai County Townships
- 15-25. Draft Joint Ordinance
- 26-30. Individual County Maps
- 31-42. Survey Monuments Twp Maps
- 43-49. Idaho Code References



**Common
County
Boundary
Line**

**Mouth of N. Fork
Clearwater
River**

0 10 20 40 Miles

This map is to be used for reference purposes only,
Kootenai County is not responsible for any inaccuracies contained herein

Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community



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NARRATIVE BOUNDARY OF SIX NORTH IDAHO COUNTIES

Executive Summary

The existing statutory County boundary common to Bonner, Kootenai, Benewah Latah, Shoshone, & Clearwater Counties is a straight-line due North from the mouth of the North Fork of the Clearwater River. This Six County Boundary was declared in 1863 during the Lincoln administration when the Idaho Territory was created. This boundary line predates both statehood & the Public Land Survey System (PLSS) that created the townships & sections; which is what all properties reference for their legal descriptions & boundaries.

The mouth of the North Fork...is an ambiguous point & is subject to multiple definitions. The first attempt in 1886 to mark any portion of the SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY was a survey to locate the Shoshone-Kootenai county line near Cataldo. That survey has resulted in a 1790-foot discrepancy in interpretations of the county boundary.

We recommend revising the statutory description of the SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY to a Zig-Zag line based on existing PLSS monuments at section, mid-section, & sixteenth-section corners. This has the advantage of codifying the de-facto boundaries that have been generated in populated areas along the border in question, as well as relying on existing monuments such that additional surveys are not required; and minimizing acreage transfers between Counties.

The overarching benefit of this project is to remove the persistent legal ambiguity in identifying County lines, and result in a clearly marked boundary on the ground that will coincide with assessor tax rolls. A monumented boundary, as opposed to an unmarked line of longitude, will make jurisdictional definition, such as is required for disaster declaration or emergency response, much simpler, easier, and more accurate.

History of the SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY

Why mess with a boundary defined as “a line due North from the mouth of the North Fork of the Clearwater River”? This narrative will attempt to clarify why the statutory boundary description for this line is both impractical & unmanageable.

Six North Idaho counties share some segment of this line for their legal county boundary.

The discovery of gold and other precious metals in the Silver Valley in the late 1800's prompted Kootenai & Shoshone counties to squabble over the location of the city of Cataldo. In 1885 the Boise Meridian finally reached the Silver Valley, which triggered the idea of an inexpensive survey to measure the distance from the mouth of the North Fork of the Clearwater River to the Boise Meridian; then to measure that same distance from the Boise Meridian back to Cataldo. The following year, at the request of Kootenai & Shoshone Counties, the first known attempt to locate any portion of this boundary line on the ground was the 1886 survey by Miller & Loring

which set two monuments on the county line; a wood post on the south bank of the St. Joe River; and a stone on the South bank of the Coeur d'Alene River; neither monument has survived.

Below, a portion of the 1886 Miller Loring Plat shows their measurement from the confluence of the Forks of the Clearwater to the Boise Meridian, 3 miles 1230 feet; which was done prior to the Public Land Survey System (PLSS) township subdivision surveys that created the sections. Unfortunately, a litany of unexpected realities & poor survey technique conspired against their good intentions; see "Kootenai - Shoshone County Boundary" (KSCB) a 76-page publication by Bruce Anderson, former county surveyor of both Latah & Kootenai Counties, for an excellent analysis of this topic.

Bruce Anderson offers seven solution options for land surveyors to place the county boundary line on the ground but stops short of recommending a best solution. All are a bit cumbersome and are at odds with current boundary line statutes for all six of the affected counties: Clearwater, Latah, Shoshone, Benewah, Kootenai, and Bonner. We refer to the most frequently used of Bruce Anderson's options as the "**Status Quo**" solution; it directs land surveyors to mark the county boundary 3 sections plus 1230 ft. East of the Boise Meridian.

Summary and Maps of Difficulties with Boundary Definition

The first problem is defining the location of the mouth of the North Fork? The below portion of the 1886 Miller Loring Plat clearly shows the mouth to be the confluence of two rivers at a point 3 miles 1230 feet East of the Boise Meridian. Absent, however, is precisely how the surveyors defined the Boise Meridian? The Boise Meridian is offset where it crosses the Clearwater River; but which side was used to define the confluence location is not specified. The below mosaic of USGS topo maps and Exhibits 6 & 11 from KSCB illustrates the problem. "Ambiguous" is a kind way of describing the 1790 ft. discrepancy between the statutory boundary and the "Status Quo" definition of 3 sections plus 1230 ft. East of the Boise Meridian interpretation of the 1886 Miller Loring survey.

The other troubling reality is that the statutory boundary is a straight "due" north line (which is a line of Longitude or a meridian); but the Boise Meridian has a complex and confusing history which has resulted in numerous right-angle offsets. The "Status Quo" solution also imposes a minor break in bearing every half mile due to the reality of section subdivision. The bottom line is the "Status Quo" solution is NOT a straight line.

Miller Loring Survey 1886

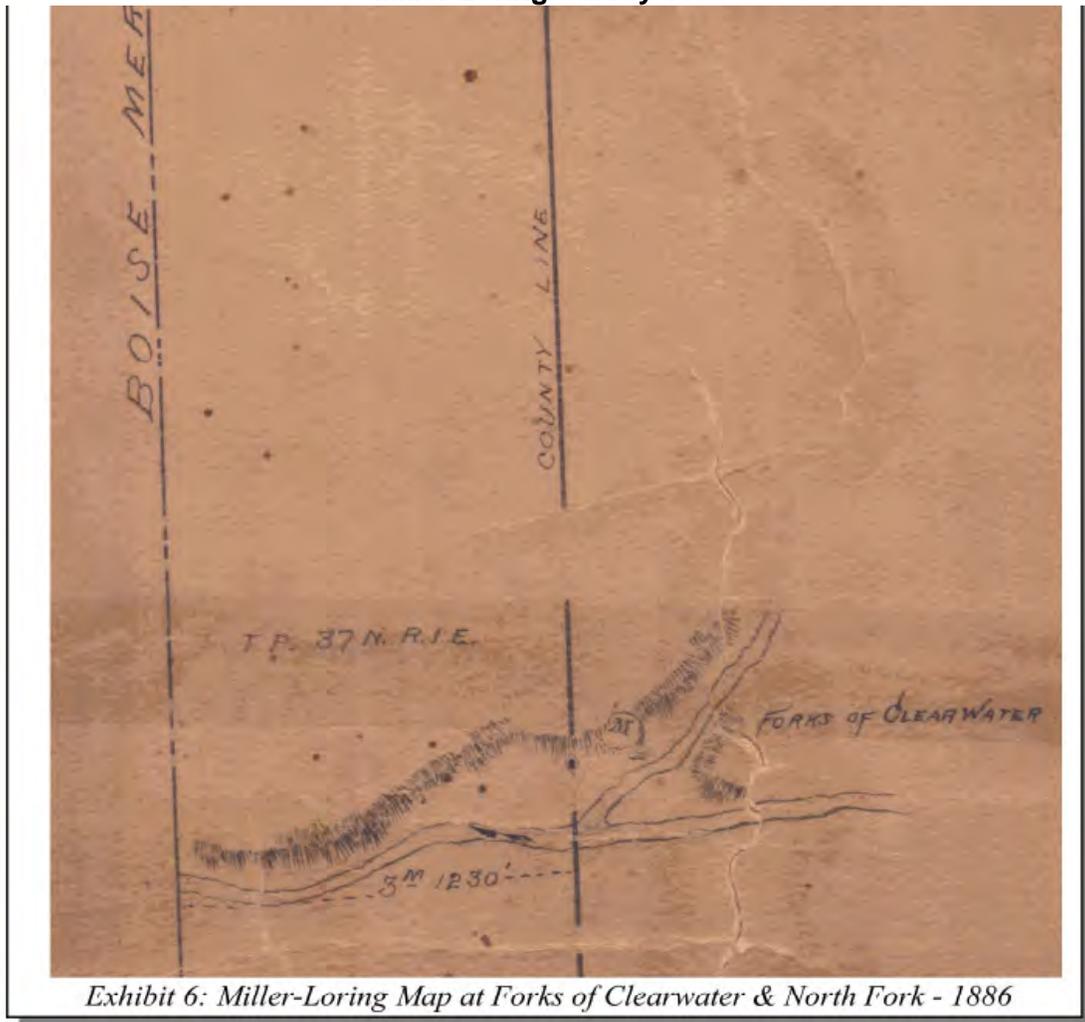
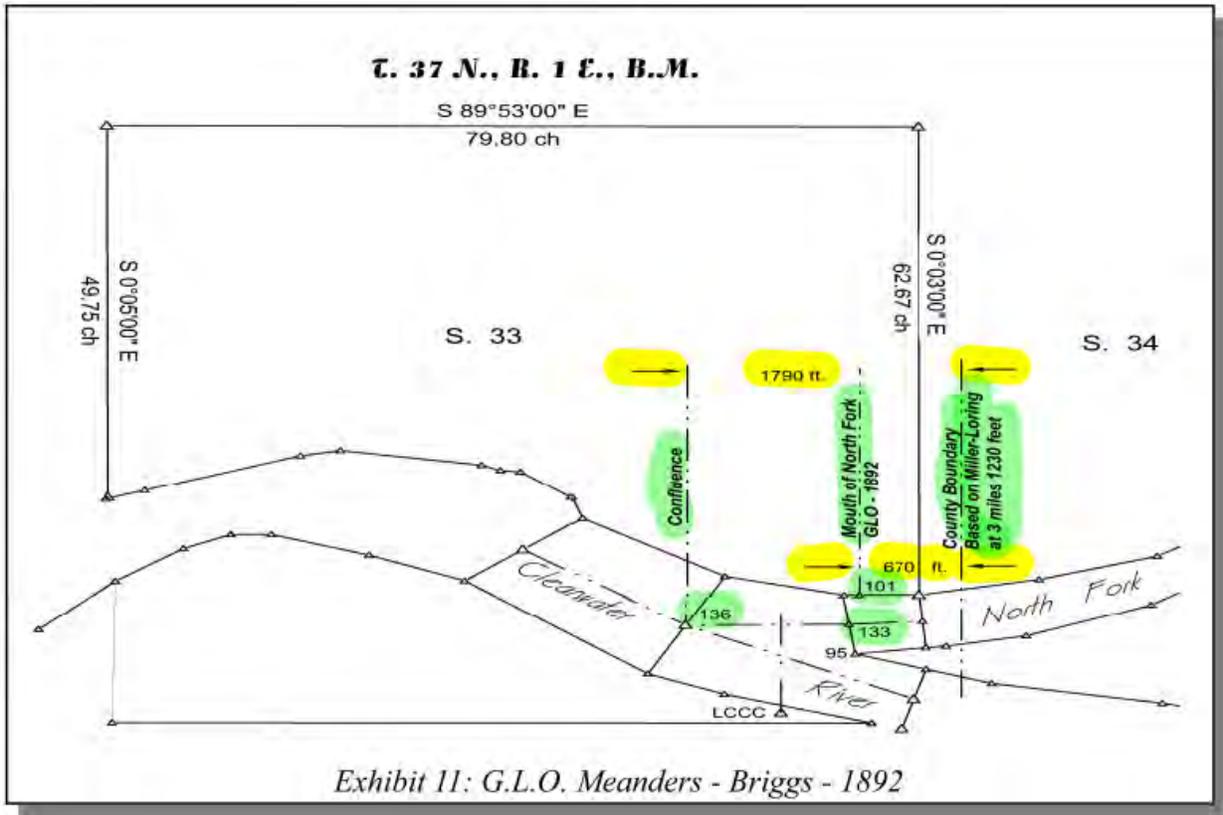
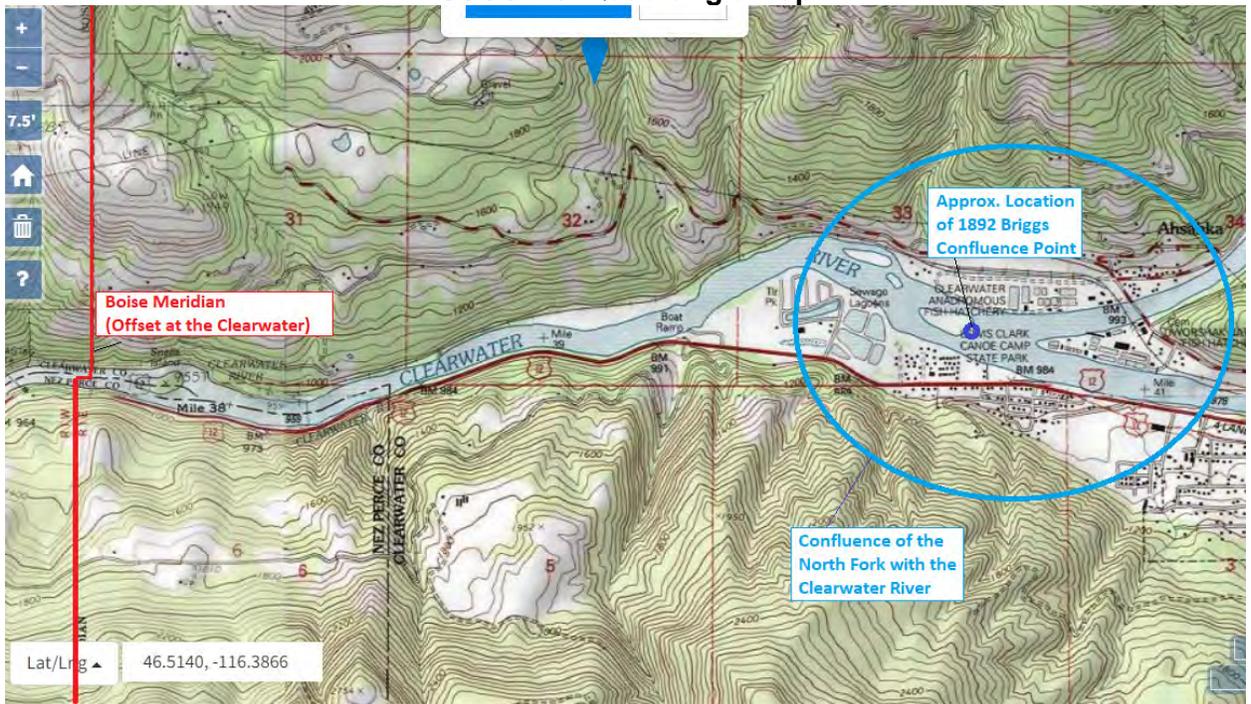


Exhibit 6: Miller-Loring Map at Forks of Clearwater & North Fork - 1886

Exhibit 6 clearly shows that Miller & Loring interpreted the intent of the legal description of the common boundary between Kootenai and Shoshone County to be the confluence of the two rivers. The county boundary line is drawn north from the confluence of the two rivers, and not from the most westerly point dividing the two rivers. The distance is shown on the south side of the river, with cartographic symbol representing cliffs or mountainous area on the north side of the river. Of particular note is the notation of an “M” situated north of the forks, but no evidence exists as to the meaning or significance of this designation.



USGS 7.5' Quadrangle Map



No authority has defined how land surveyors are to place these county boundaries on the ground; but a 1790 ft. disparity between Idaho statute and the best-case solution is troubling. Most north Idaho land surveyors & land managers agree that the long-term best solution is to abandon the statutory boundary in favor of a boundary defined by existing PLSS corner monuments.

Recommendation

We recommend that Bonner, Benewah, Clearwater, Kootenai, Latah, & Shoshone Counties abandon the existing statutory line, “due north from the mouth of the North Fork...” in favor of a Zig-Zag solution defined by nearby existing Public Land Survey System (PLSS) corner monuments for the county boundary. The Zig-Zag solution allows us to minimize the net acreage transfer between adjoining counties. Also, to promote boundary line stability, all duly surveyed attempts marking segments of said boundary are held in place. Where no boundary surveying has yet occurred, we move the county boundary East or West to existing section, quarter section, or section subdivision corner monuments. Four different line segment types are recommended:

1. Section lines; 1230 ft. west of the Status Quo solution
2. Mid-section lines; 1410 ft. east of the Status Quo solution
3. Sixteenth-section lines; 90 ft. east of the Status Quo solution
4. Status Quo solution; 3 sections plus 1230 ft. East of the Boise Meridian

The SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY spans seventeen (17) townships from T54N to T38N, all R1E. The proposed new boundary is over 100 miles in length when the E-W portions are included. A minimum of nine (9) E-W segments are necessary because of township offsets where section lines for adjoining townships do not align to allow for the curvature of the earth. Where possible we transition from one line segment type to another on these township-offset lines to minimize the number of E-W segments. This Zig-Zag solution minimizes net acreage transfer between counties there by lessening the impact on property tax revenues and federal payments in lieu of taxes, while using a given line segment type for the longest length possible. Following we describe the line segment types by township:

- T54NR1E; Section lines
- T53NR1E; Section lines & Mid-section lines
- T52NR1E; Section lines
- T51NR1E; Section lines
- T50NR1E; Mid-section lines
- T49NR1E; Mid-section lines & Sixteenth-section lines
- T48NR1E; Sixteenth-section lines & property lines
- T47NR1E; Section lines & Mid-section lines
- T46NR1E; Mid-section lines
- T45NR1E; Section lines
- T44NR1E; Sixteenth-section lines
- T43NR1E; Sixteenth-section lines
- T42NR1E; Section lines, Mid-section lines, Sixteenth-section lines, & property lines
- T41NR1E; Mid-section lines

- T40NR1E; Sixteenth-section lines & property lines
- T39NR1E; Section lines, Sixteenth-section lines, & property lines
- T38NR1E; Section lines

Net transfer acreage calculations are based upon the following assumptions:

1. The most common County Assessor Map boundary split between adjoining counties is at the aliquot part division (sixteenth line) between the West ½ of the West ½, and the East ½ of the West ½, for sections 3,10, 15, 22, 27, & 34 in each township. We therefore calculate the gains & loses from this arbitrary line.
2. Section and mid-section line segments are assumed to be 1320 feet East or West of the sixteenth line.
3. A confusing aspect of this analysis is the assumption that the “Status Quo” solution for surveying the location of the SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY is to follow the 1886 Miller Loring precedent: placing the boundary at 3 sections and **1230** ft. East of the Boise Meridian. Land surveyors must also consider the wording of the adjoining landowner deeds. Most of the populated areas along the SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY have resorted to the sixteenth line as the defacto county line.
4. To minimize consternation, we adopt the sixteenth line as the base line for calculating the net acreage transfer between adjoining counties.

Monuments

A total of 117 existing metal PLLS monuments are well dispersed along the proposed new SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY; except four of the five most northern townships which traverse a solid block of USFS land where only General Land Office (GLO) surveys of 1905 thru 1910 will mark the new boundary.

All the existing monuments that have ever been established to define the county line have been held as such.

Having an abundance of monuments defining the county boundary is attractive to land managers who frequently need to determine which county ordinances they need to comply with or where county road jurisdictions change.

County Corner points:

Shoshone County: Neither the Northwest nor Southwest corners are currently marked with existing metal PLLS monuments.

Bonner County: Neither the Northeast nor Southeast corners are currently marked with existing metal PLLS monuments.

Kootenai County: The Northeast corner is not currently marked with an existing metal PLLS monument; the Southeast corner is marked with an existing metal PLLS monument.

Benewah County: The Northeast corner is marked with an existing metal PLLS monument; the Southeast corner is not currently marked with an existing metal PLLS monument.

Latah County: Both the Northeast and Southeast corners are marked with an existing metal PLLS monuments.

Clearwater County: Both the Northeast and Southeast corners are marked with existing metal PLLS monuments.

Most of the proposed new SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY traverses rugged & mountainous commercial forest land. Much of the proposed county border falls on existing landowner

boundaries. All parcels that adjoin the new county line are well defined and readily mappable; county assessors will be able to consistently assess all land parcels with no gaps or overlaps.

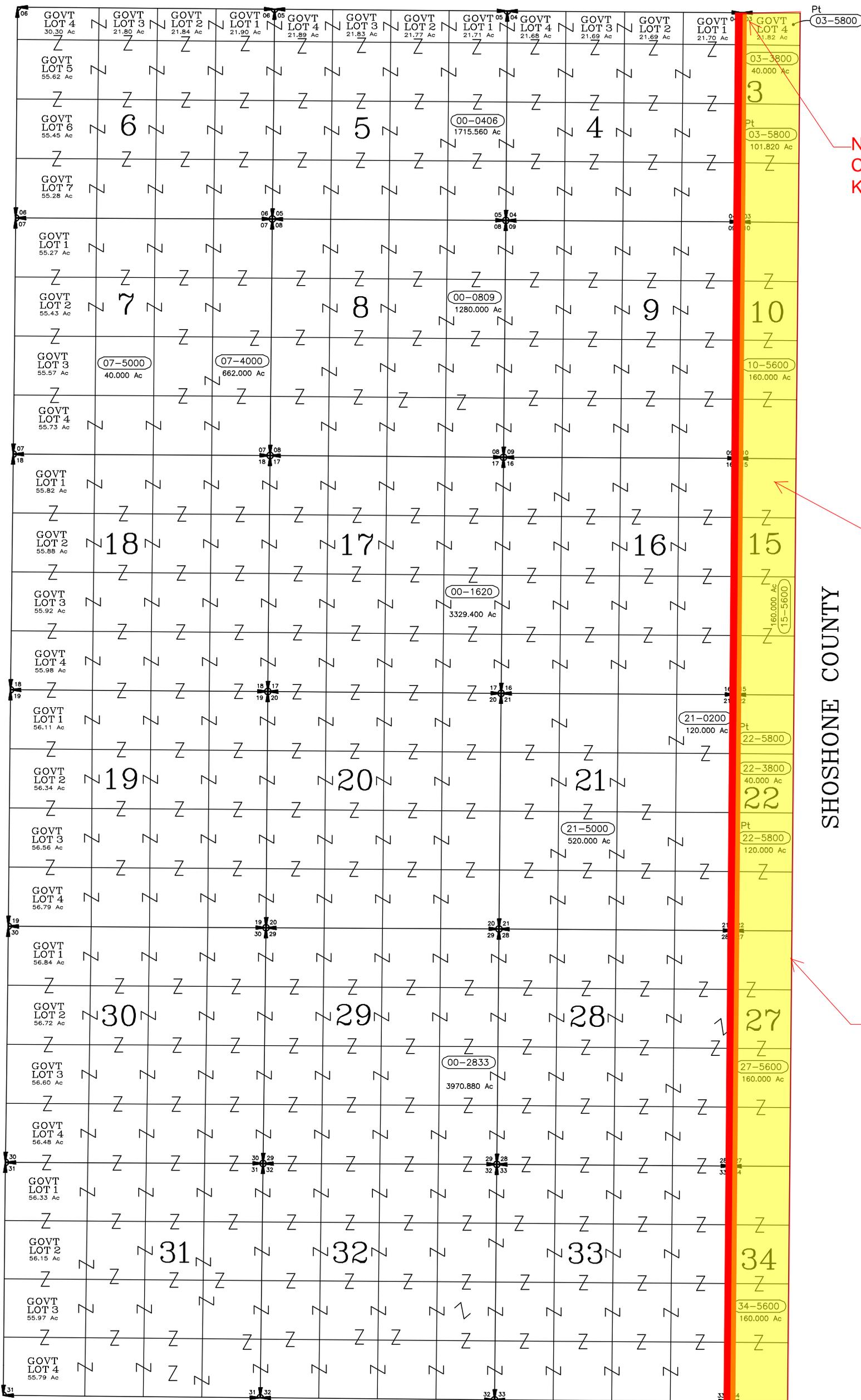
Why bother to do this? Benefits include:

1. Landowners adjoining the boundary will know precisely where the county line is and will be able to better manage their lands in accordance with ordinances of the respective counties.
2. The legal county boundary will be marked on the ground, will coincide with assessor tax rolls, and agree with Idaho Code.
3. No surveying is needed.
4. Where title issues exist due to ambiguity with legal descriptions e.g. (the deed in Benewah County says W1/2 NW1/4 less the East 90 feet and the adjoining parcel in Shoshone County says E1/2 NW1/4). Defining a precise county boundary will not determine who gets the 90 ft. strip of no-man's land, but a defined county boundary is the first step to resolve these title issues which of course are legal matters.
5. Future disasters or emergencies may require precise jurisdictional definition (which county is it in?) A monumented boundary as opposed to an imaginary line of longitude will make that process much simpler, easier, more accurate.

What are the steps to changing the SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY?

1. The Bonner, Kootenai, Benewah, Latah, Shoshone, & Clearwater County Commissioners must adopt a joint ordinance agreeing to adopt the new boundary line legal description.
2. No residences fall in the transfer zone, therefore an election for affected electors is not needed.
3. The Idaho legislature must pass a bill to change the boundary to the agreed new line legal description.
4. The governor must sign the bill to enact the boundary shift.
5. Landowners adjoining the new SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY may need to amend their deeds to coincide with the new county line. No lands will be conveyed or seized, but some parcels will be transferred from one county to another. There may be some disparity in the resulting landowner property tax consequences, but these should be minor dollar amounts due to the rural nature of the affected lands.
6. The six county assessors must adjust their respective tax rolls.

Twp. 52 N. R. 1 E.B.M.



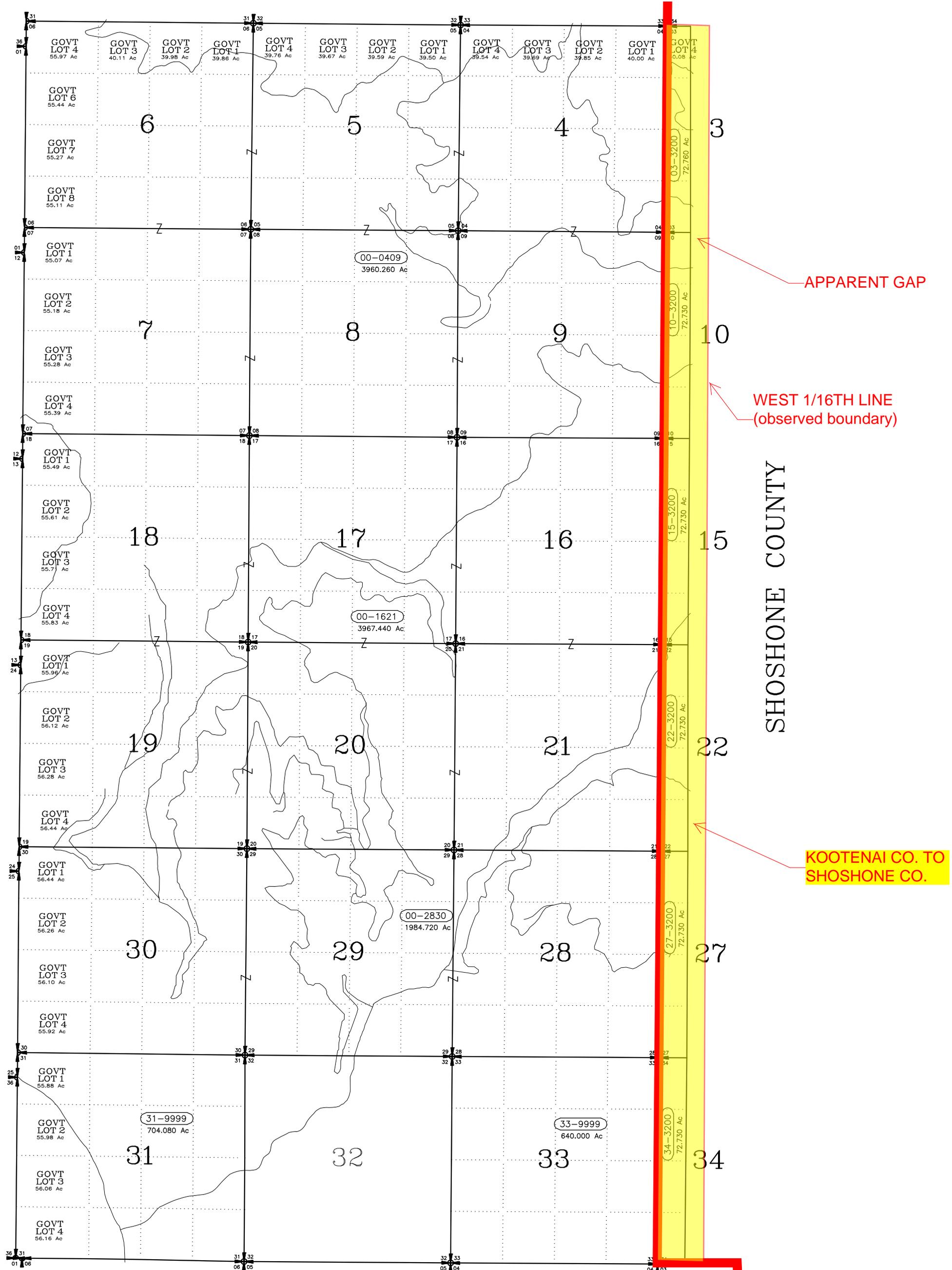
NEW NORTHEAST
CORNER OF
KOOTENAI CO.

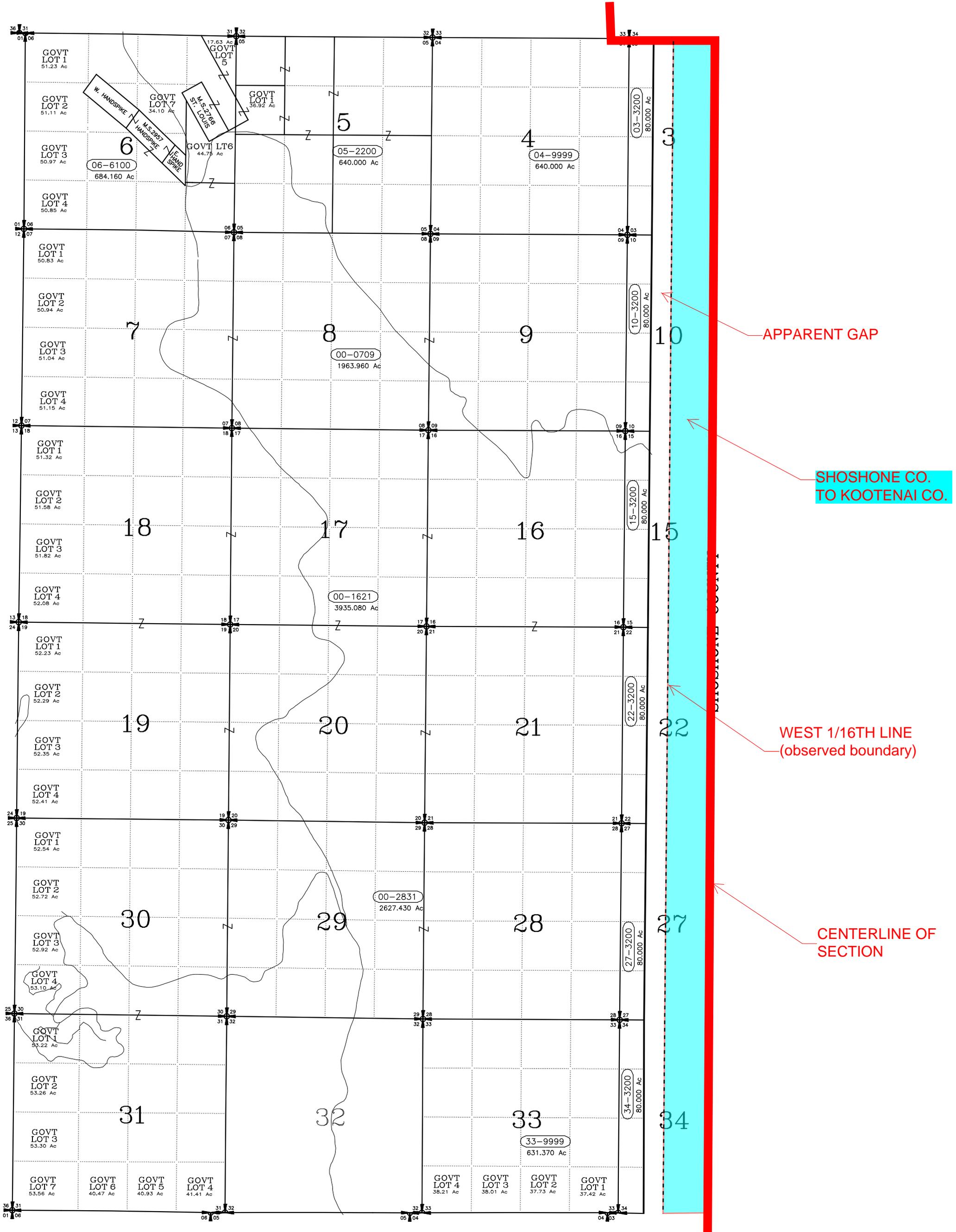
KOOTENAI CO. TO
SHOSHONE CO.

SHOSHONE COUNTY

WEST 1/16TH LINE
(observed boundary)

Twp. 51 N. R. 1 E B.M.



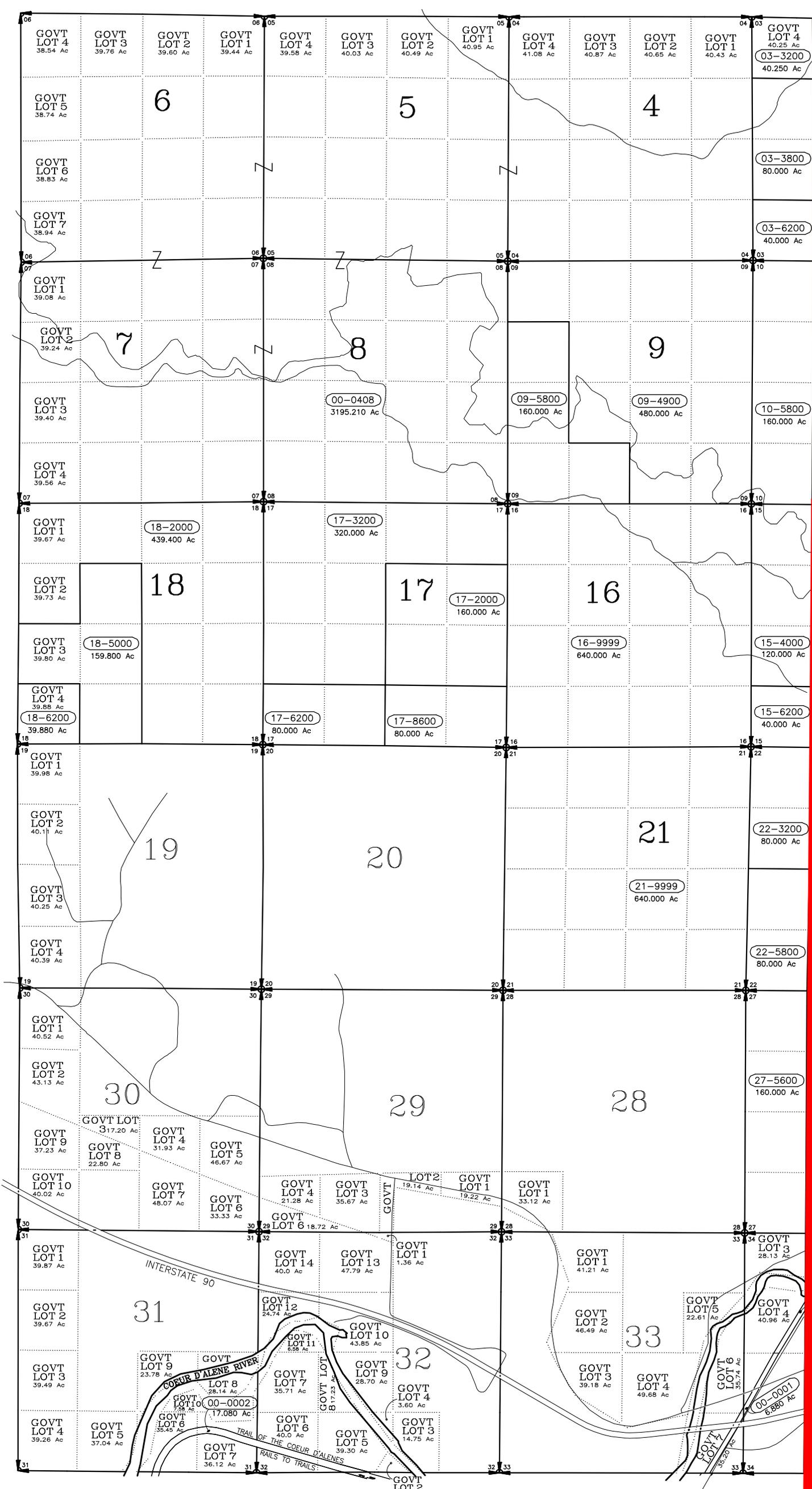


APPARENT GAP

SHOSHONE CO.
TO KOOTENAI CO.

WEST 1/16TH LINE
(observed boundary)

CENTERLINE OF
SECTION



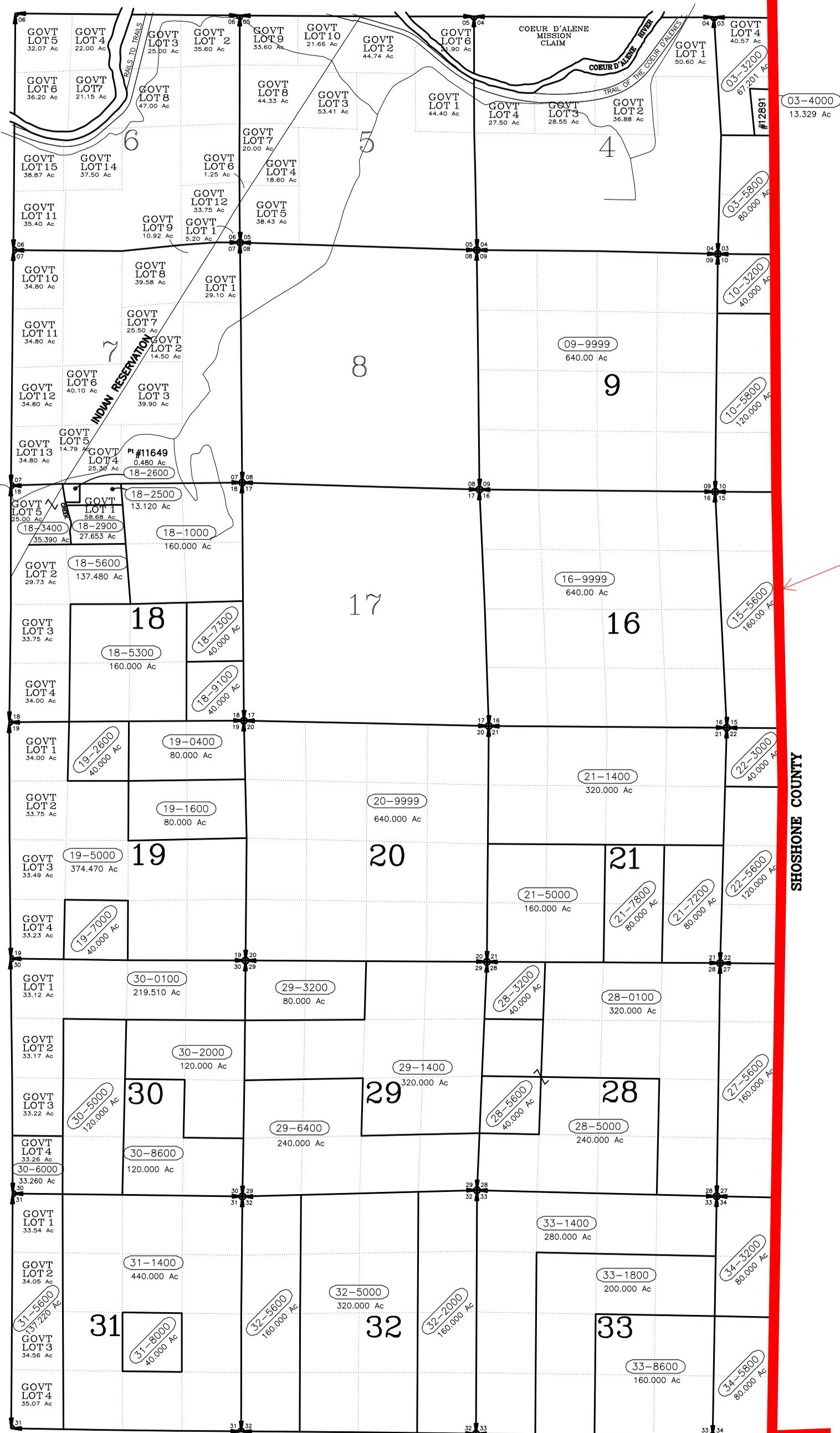
SHOSHONE CO. TO KOOTENAI CO.

CENTERLINE OF SECTION

SHOSHONE COUNTY

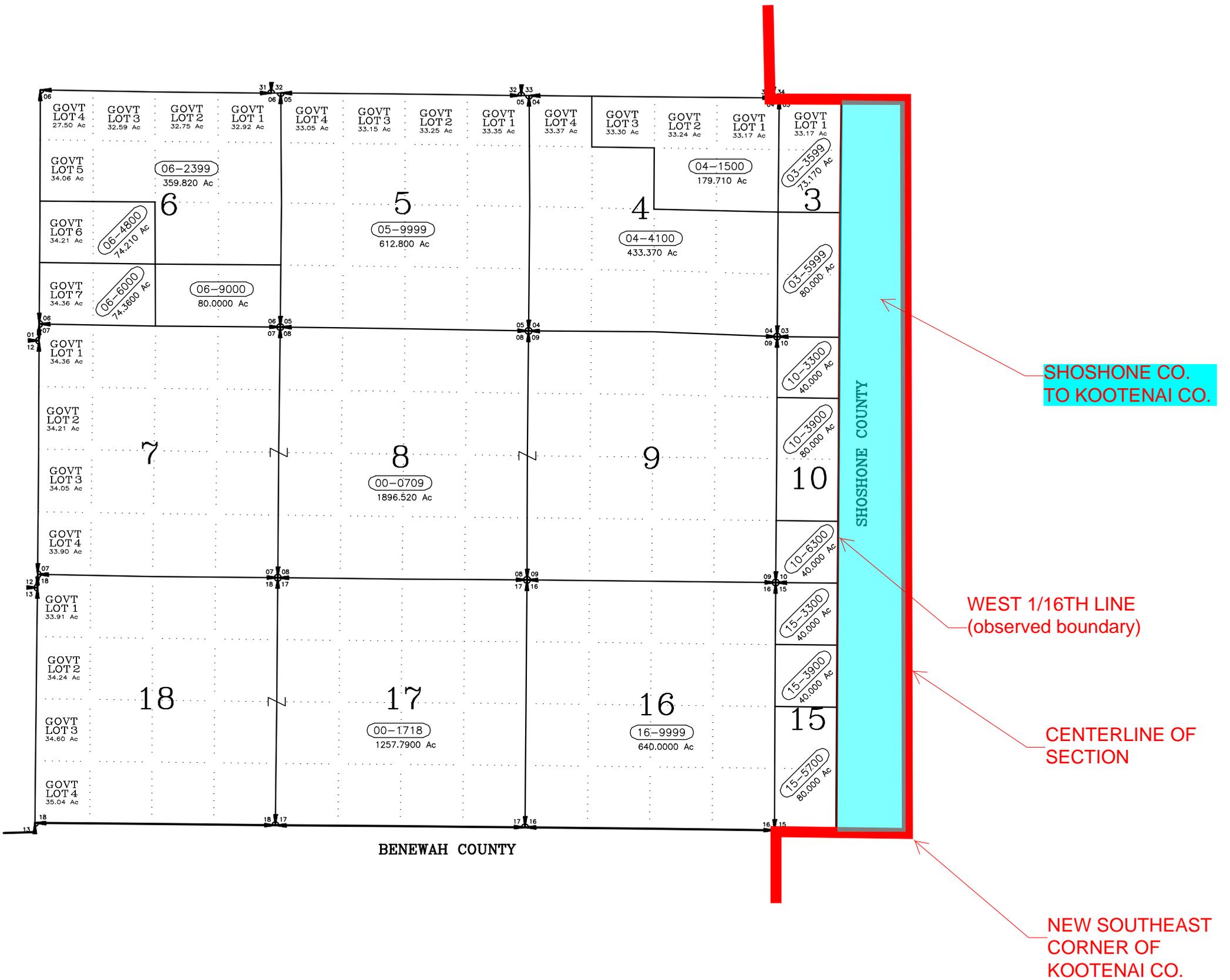
WEST 1/16TH LINE (observed boundary)

Twp. 48 N. R. 1 E. B.M.



WEST 1/16TH LINE
(observed boundary)

SHOSHONE COUNTY



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BENEWAH COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. _____
BONNER COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. _____
CLEARWATER COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. _____
KOOTENAI COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. _____
LATAH COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. 398
SHOSHONE COUNTY ORDINANCE NO. _____

ADOPTION OF THE SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY ADJUSTMENT ORDINANCE

A JOINT ORDINANCE BETWEEN BENEWAH, BONNER, CLEARWATER, KOOTENAI, LATAH, AND SHOSHONE COUNTIES TO ENTER INTO THE MULTI-JURISDICTIONAL CHANGE OF THE COMMON BOUNDARY LINE OF SAID COUNTIES.

WHEREAS, Benewah, Bonner, Clearwater, Kootenai, Latah, and Shoshone counties are presently bounded by a common line which is described as “a line due North from the mouth of the North Fork of the Clearwater River” as per Idaho Code §§ 31-107, 31-111, 31-120, 31-130, 31-131, and 31-142. Said statutory line is both impractical & unmanageable; the most feasible solution is to abandon said line in favor of a boundary defined by Public Land Survey System (PLSS) monuments, which herein after is referred to as the SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY; and

WHEREAS, said statutory line is a line of longitude and therefore is not parallel to any land parcel boundaries based upon the Public Land Survey System (PLSS), i.e., parcels described from a township, range, section, or section subdivision. Also, the “mouth” of the North Fork of the Clearwater River is ambiguous and subject to multiple interpretations; Surveying parcels adjoining said line and marking the statutory county line on the ground is difficult and expensive; and

WHEREAS, the first documented attempt to locate any segment of said statutory line was a survey by Miller & Loring in 1886 commissioned by Kootenai & Shoshone Counties to

determine the location of Cataldo, Idaho. This survey determined the mouth of the North Fork of the Clearwater River to be 3 miles and 1230 feet east of the Boise Meridian; and set 2 monuments to define a portion of the boundary between Kootenai and Shoshone counties near the St. Joseph River and the Coeur d'Alene River; neither monument has survived; and

WHEREAS, Benewah, Bonner, Clearwater, Kootenai, Latah, and Shoshone County Assessors over the years have resorted to an informal agreement to locate said county boundary. Most county records depict the boundary at three sections and 1320 feet east of the Boise Meridian; however, many landowner deeds describe the boundary to be three sections and 1230 feet of the Boise Meridian; both being contrary to the statutory boundary definition as per the above Idaho Codes; and

WHEREAS, the proposed SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY defined by Public Land Survey System (PLSS) monuments, features the following statistics and advantages:

1. The said county line is relatively remote, traversing mostly mountainous forested lands.
2. The SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY spans seventeen (17) townships from fifty-four (54) north to thirty-eight (38) north and is over 100 miles in length when the east-west portions are included.
3. It runs from the northwest corner of Shoshone County described as the intersection of the crest of the Coeur d'Alene range of mountains and the west line of section twenty-two (22), township fifty-four (54) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian to the southeast corner of Latah County described as the southeast corner of section 16, township thirty-eight (38) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian.
4. The proposed new boundary will follow Public Land Survey System (PLSS) lines including section lines, mid-section lines, sixteenth section lines, and along with duly surveyed property lines.
5. To ensure boundary stability, all existing survey monuments that have ever been established to define the county line have been held as such.
6. A total of 117 existing metal PLSS monuments from modern land surveys are well dispersed along the SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY; except for the five most northern townships which traverse a solid block of US Forest Service land where only original General Land Office (GLO) surveys of 1905 thru 1937 will mark the new boundary.
7. Three categories of landowners adjoin the SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY: federal and state agency lands (57%); corporate timberland owners (35%); and small private landowners (8%).
8. Adopting the SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY requires no land surveying expense. The proposed solution shifts the legal county borders approximately ¼ mile to one of four (4) line segment types: section lines, mid-section lines, sixteenth section lines, or duly surveyed property lines.
9. A minimum of nine (9) east-west segments are necessary because of township offsets where section lines for adjoining townships do not align, to allow for the curvature of the earth. To minimize the number of east-west segments, the transitions from one line segment type to another are on these township-offset lines when possible.

10. This zig-zag approach minimizes net acreage transfers between adjoining counties thereby lessening the impact on property tax revenues and federal payments in lieu of taxes, while using a given line segment type for the longest length possible.
11. The SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY strikes a balance between minimizing the net transfers of acreage between adjoining counties and maximizing the number of existing metal corner monuments defining the boundary.
12. There are numerous locations along the statutory line where title issues exist due to conflicting legal descriptions in adjoining counties e.g. the deed in Benewah County reads W1/2 NW1/4 less the East 90 feet; and the adjoining parcel in Shoshone County reads E1/2 NW1/4. Defining a precise county boundary will not determine who gets the 90 ft. strip of no-man's land; but a defined county boundary is the first step to resolve these title issues which of course are legal matters.
13. From townships forty-nine (49) north through thirty-eight (38) north, there are only 7 gaps between monuments exceeding 1 mile in length; the longest of which is 3 ½ miles.
14. Landowners adjoining the boundary will know precisely where the county line is and will be able to better manage their lands in accordance with ordinances of those respective counties.
15. Not one person resides within the areas to be transferred to the adjoining county. Elections for affected electors as per Idaho Code § 31-212 are not required.
16. The legal county boundary will be marked on the ground; will coincide with assessor tax rolls; and will agree with Idaho Code.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT HEREBY RESOLVED THAT, Benewah, Bonner, Clearwater, Kootenai, Latah, and Shoshone counties are hereby in favor of shifting their respective adjoining boundary lines to follow the below described SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY and as depicted on the attached maps:

COMMENCING at a point where the township line between townships forty-one (41) and forty-two (42) north, intersects the western boundary of the state of Montana;

Thence in a northerly direction along said boundary and with the Bitter Root range of mountains until the said range turns in a westerly direction and is called Coeur d'Alene range.

Thence with the said Coeur d'Alene range of mountains in a westerly direction until a point is attained ~~north of the mouth of the North Fork of the Clearwater river~~ on the west line of section 22, township fifty-four (54) north, range one east of the Boise Meridian; which here after will be the Northwest corner of Shoshone County, with Bonner County to the North & West; and the **POINT OF BEGINNING** of the new west boundary of Shoshone County;

Thence south along the section lines, approximately 2 ¾ miles to the southwest corner of section thirty-four (34), township fifty-four (54) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence west along the township line, approximately 0.64 chain (42.24 ft.) to the northwest corner of section three (3), township fifty-three (53) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence south along the section lines, approximately 2 miles to the southwest corner of section ten (10), township fifty-three (53) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence east along the section line, approximately ½ mile to the south quarter corner of section ten (10), township fifty-three (53) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence south along the mid-section lines, approximately 4 miles to the south quarter corner of section thirty-four (34), township fifty-three (53) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian, which here after will be the southeast corner of Bonner County with Shoshone County to the east & south;

Thence west along the township line, approximately 32.24 chains (2128 ft.) to the northwest corner of section three (3), township fifty-two (52) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian, which here after will be the northeast corner of Kootenai County, with Bonner County to the north and Shoshone County to the east;

Thence south along the section lines, approximately 12 miles to the southwest corner of section thirty-four (34), township fifty-one (51) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence east along the township line, approximately ½ mile to the north quarter corner of section three (3), township fifty (50) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence south along the mid-section lines, approximately 6 miles to the south quarter corner of section thirty-four (34), township fifty (50) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence west along the township line, approximately 3.74 ch. (247 ft.) to the north quarter corner of section three (3), township forty-nine (49) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence south along the mid-section lines, approximately 2 miles to the south quarter corner of section ten (10), township forty-nine (49) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence west along the section line, approximately ¼ mile to the west sixteenth corner of sections ten (10) & fifteen (15), township forty-nine (49) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence south along the sixteenth section subdivision lines, approximately 4 miles to the west sixteenth corner of section thirty-four (34), township forty-nine (49) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence west along the township line, approximately 3.40 chains (224 feet) to the west sixteenth corner of section three (3), township forty-eight (48) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence south along the sixteenth section subdivision lines, approximately 5½ miles to the center west sixteenth corner of section thirty-four (34);

Thence west along the section subdivision line, approximately 90 feet a duly surveyed property corner monument;

Thence south along the property line, approximately ½ mile to a duly surveyed property corner monument on the township line;

Thence east along the township line, approximately 90 feet to the west sixteenth corner of section thirty-four (34), township forty-eight (48) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence east along the township line, approximately ¼ mile to the south quarter corner of section thirty-four (34), township forty-eight (48) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence east along the township line, approximately 1.55 chains (102 feet) to the North quarter corner of section three (3), township forty-seven (47) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence south along the mid-section lines, approximately 3 miles to the south quarter corner of section fifteen (15), township forty-seven (47) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian; which here after will be the southeast corner of Kootenai County, with Shoshone County to the east & south;

Thence west along the section line, approximately ½ mile to the northwest corner of section twenty-two (22), township forty-seven (47) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian; which here after will be the northeast corner of Benewah County, with Kootenai County to the north and Shoshone County to the east;

Thence south along the section lines, approximately 2 miles to the southwest corner of section twenty-seven (27);

Thence east along the section line approximately ½ mile to the south quarter corner of section twenty-seven (27);

Thence south along the mid-section lines, approximately 4 miles to the south quarter corner of section fifteen (15), township forty-six (46) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence west along the section line approximately ¼ mile to the west sixteenth corner of section fifteen (15) & section twenty-two (22);

Thence south along the sixteenth section subdivision line, approximately 1 mile to the west sixteenth corner of section twenty-two (22) & section twenty-seven (27);

Thence east along the section line approximately ¼ mile to the north quarter corner of section twenty-seven (27);

Thence south along the mid-section lines, approximately 2 miles to the south quarter corner of section thirty-four (34), township forty-six (46) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence west along the township line, approximately ½ mile to the northwest corner of section three (3), township forty-five (45) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence south along the section lines, approximately 6 miles to the southwest corner of section thirty-four (34), township forty-five (45) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence east along the township line, approximately 14.24 chains (940 feet) to the west sixteenth corner of section three (3), township forty-four (44) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence south along the sixteenth section subdivision lines, approximately 12 miles to the west sixteenth corner of section thirty-four (34), township forty-three (43) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian; which here after will be the southeast corner of Benewah County, with Shoshone County to the east & south;

Thence west along the township line, approximately 15.50 chains (1023 feet) to the northwest corner of section three (3), township forty-two (42) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian; which here after will be the northeast corner of Latah County, with Benewah County to the north & Shoshone County to the east;

Thence south along the section lines, approximately 2 miles to the southwest corner of section ten (10); township forty-two (42) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence east along the section line, approximately ½ mile to the south quarter corner of section ten (10); township forty-two (42) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence south along the mid-section lines, approximately 2 miles to the south quarter corner of section twenty-two (22); township forty-two (42) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence west along the section line, approximately ¼ mile to the west sixteenth corner of sections twenty-two (22) & twenty-seven (27);

Thence west along the section line, 90 feet to a duly surveyed property corner monument;

Thence south along the property line, approximately ½ mile to a duly surveyed property corner monument;

Thence east along the section subdivision line, 90 feet to the center west sixteenth corner of section twenty-seven (27);

Thence south along sixteenth section subdivision lines, approximately 1 ½ miles to the west sixteenth corner of sections thirty-four (34) & three (3), township forty-two (42) north & township forty-one (41) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence east along the township line, approximately ¼ mile to the north quarter corner of section three (3), township forty-one (41) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence south along mid-section lines, approximately 6 miles to the south quarter corner of section thirty-four (34), township forty-one (41) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence west along the township line, approximately 22.8 chains (1505 ft.) to the west sixteenth corner of section three (3), township forty (40) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence south along sixteenth section subdivision lines, approximately 1 mile to the west sixteenth corner of sections three (3) & ten (10), township forty (40) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence west along the section line, 90 feet to a duly surveyed property corner monument;

Thence south along the property line, approximately ¼ mile to a duly surveyed property corner monument;

Thence east along the section subdivision line, 90 feet to the northwest sixteenth corner of section ten (10);

Thence south along sixteenth section subdivision lines, approximately 4 ¾ miles to the west sixteenth corner of sections thirty-four (34) & three (3), townships forty (40) north & thirty-nine (39) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence west along the township line, approximately 90 feet to an un-monumented point;

Thence south approximately ½ mile to a duly surveyed property corner monument;

Thence south along the property line approximately ½ mile to a duly surveyed property corner on the south line of section 3, township thirty-nine (39) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence west along the section line approximately 1230 feet to northeast corner of Section 9;

Thence south along section lines, approximately 5 miles to the southeast corner of section thirty-three (33), township thirty-nine (39) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence east along the township line, approximately 5.83 chains (385 feet) to the northeast corner of section four (4), township thirty-eight (38) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian;

Thence south along section lines, approximately 3 miles to the middle line of the township, and the southeast corner of section 16, township thirty-eight (38) north, range one (1) east, of the Boise Meridian; which here after will be the southeast corner of Latah County with Clearwater County to the east & south; and the **TERMINUS** of the new SIX COUNTY BOUNDARY.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, Benewah, Bonner, Clearwater, Kootenai, Latah, and Shoshone counties do hereby request the Idaho Legislature to pass a bill to re-define the boundaries of said counties to conform to the above referenced legal description and as depicted on the attached maps.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, Benewah, Bonner, Clearwater, Kootenai, Latah, and Shoshone counties do hereby **WAIVE** all recording fees that landowners might incur to amend deeds for land parcels transferred to the adjoining counties to conform to the above referenced legal description and as depicted on the attached maps; for a period of one year from the date that the governor signs said bill into law.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, the State of Idaho shall grant Benewah, Bonner, Clearwater, Kootenai, Latah, and Shoshone counties an appropriation of \$10,000 each to defray the staff expenses for parcel transfer expenses and updating the assessor tax rolls to redefine the boundaries of said counties to conform to the above referenced legal description and as depicted on the attached maps.

This Ordinance is duly approved and adopted by the Board of Benewah County Commissioners on the _____ day of _____, 2023.

**BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
Benewah County, Idaho**

Philip R. Lampert, Chair

Robert Short, Commissioner

ATTEST:

Deputy Clerk

Mark L. Reynolds, Commissioner

This Ordinance is duly approved and adopted by the Board of Bonner County
Commissioners on the ____ day of _____, 2023.

**BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
Bonner County, Idaho**

Steven Bradshaw, Chair

Asia Williams, Commissioner

ATTEST:

Deputy Clerk

Luke Omodt, Commissioner

This Ordinance is duly approved and adopted by the Board of Clearwater County
Commissioners on the ____ day of _____, 2023.

**BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
Clearwater County, Idaho**

Vince Frazier, Chair

Rick Miller, Commissioner

ATTEST:

Deputy Clerk

Mike Ryan, Commissioner

This Ordinance is duly approved and adopted by the Board of Kootenai County
Commissioners on the ____ day of _____, 2023.

**BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
Kootenai County, Idaho**

Leslie Duncan, Chair

Bruce E. Mattare, Commissioner

ATTEST:

Deputy Clerk

Bill Brooks, Commissioner

This Ordinance is duly approved and adopted by the Board of Latah County
Commissioners on the ____ day of _____, 2023.

**BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
Latah County, Idaho**

Kathie LaFortune, Chair

Thomas C. Lamar, Commissioner

ATTEST:

Deputy Clerk

John Bohman, Commissioner

This Ordinance is duly approved and adopted by the Board of Shoshone County
Commissioners on the _____ day of _____, 2023.

**BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
Shoshone County, Idaho**

David Dose, Chair

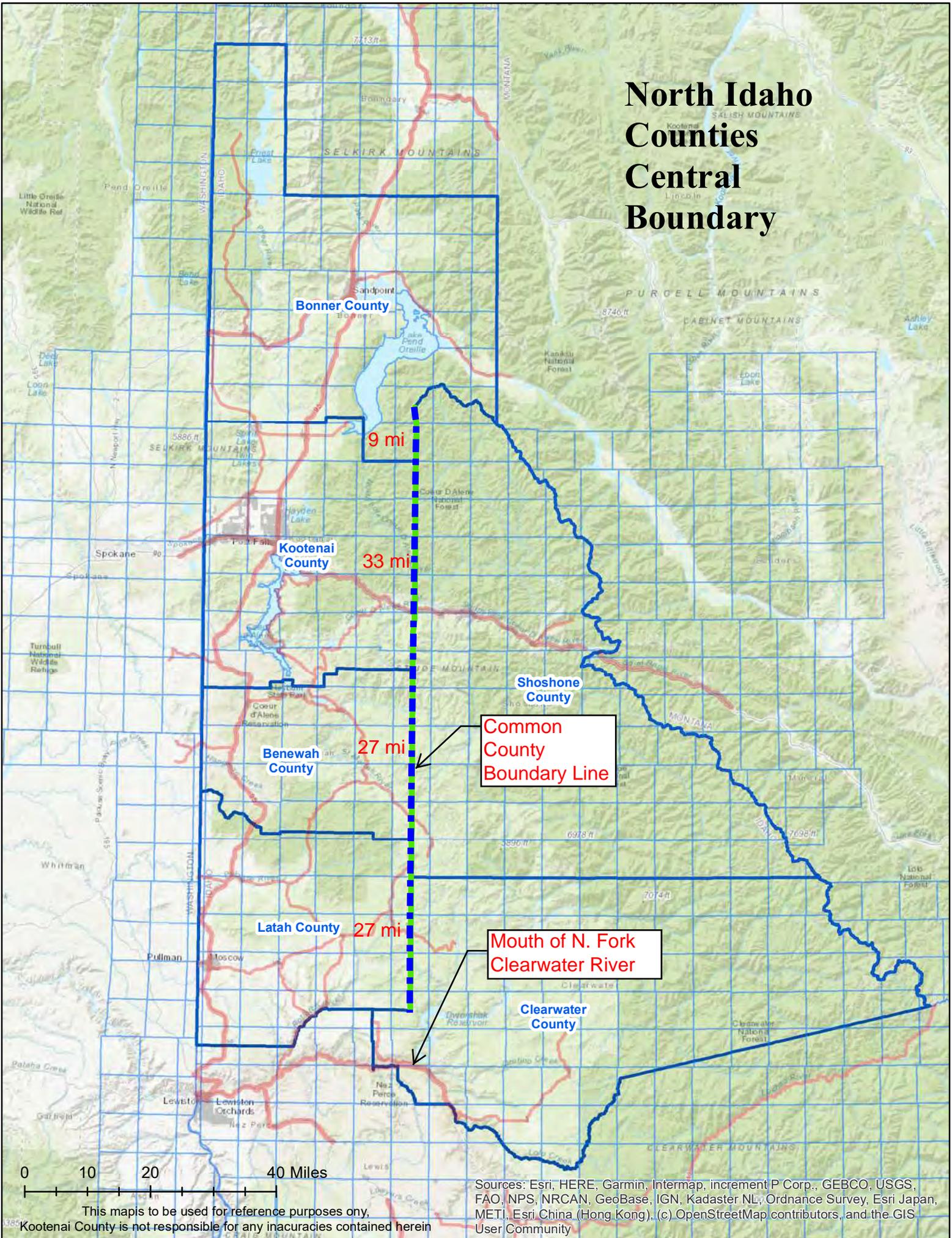
Tracy Casady, Commissioner

ATTEST:

Deputy Clerk

Jeff Zimmerman, Commissioner

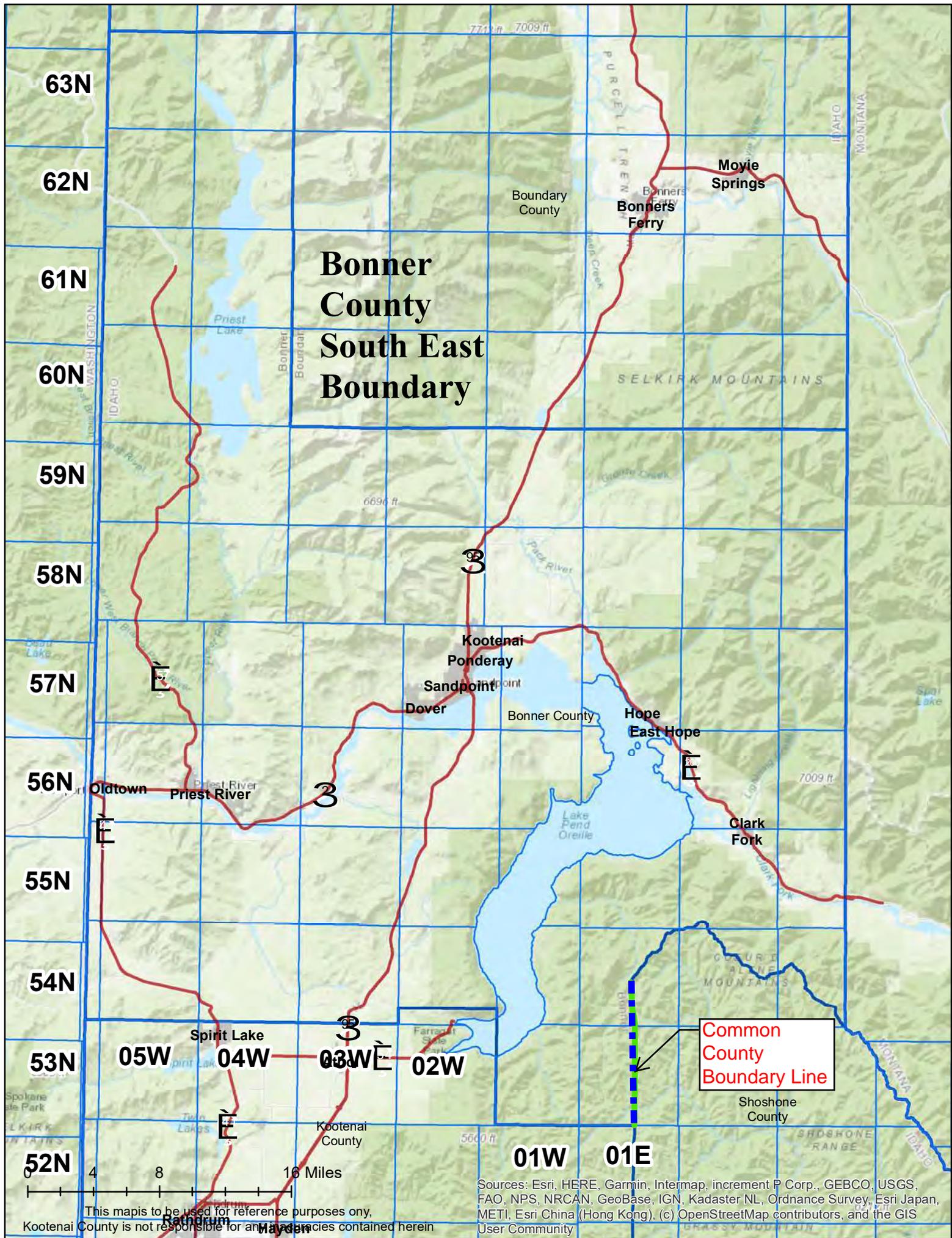
North Idaho Counties Central Boundary



0 10 20 40 Miles

This map is to be used for reference purposes only.
Kootenai County is not responsible for any inaccuracies contained herein

Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community



Bonner County South East Boundary

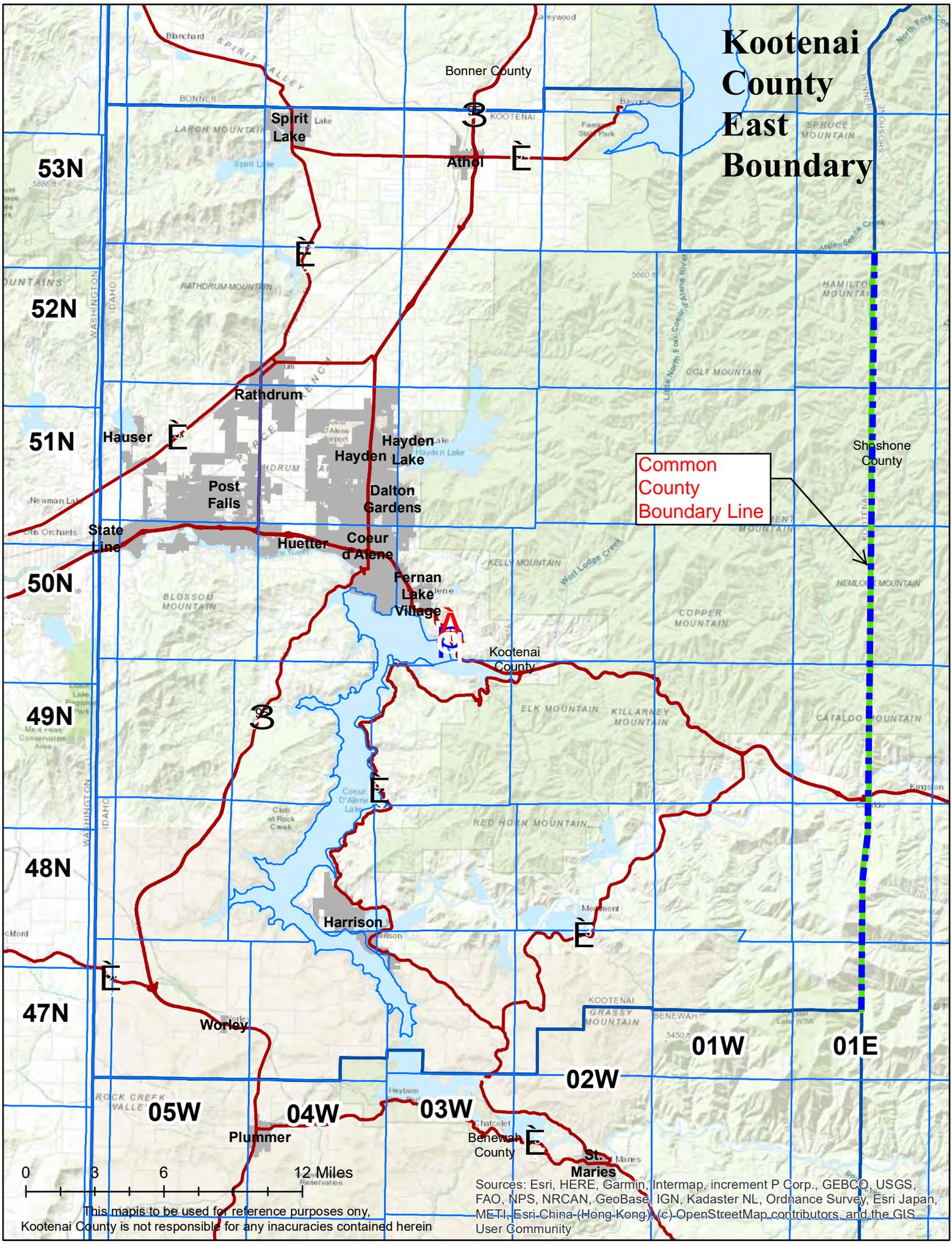
Common County Boundary Line



Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

This map is to be used for reference purposes only. Kootenai County is not responsible for any inaccuracies contained herein.

Kootenai County East Boundary



Common
County
Boundary
Line

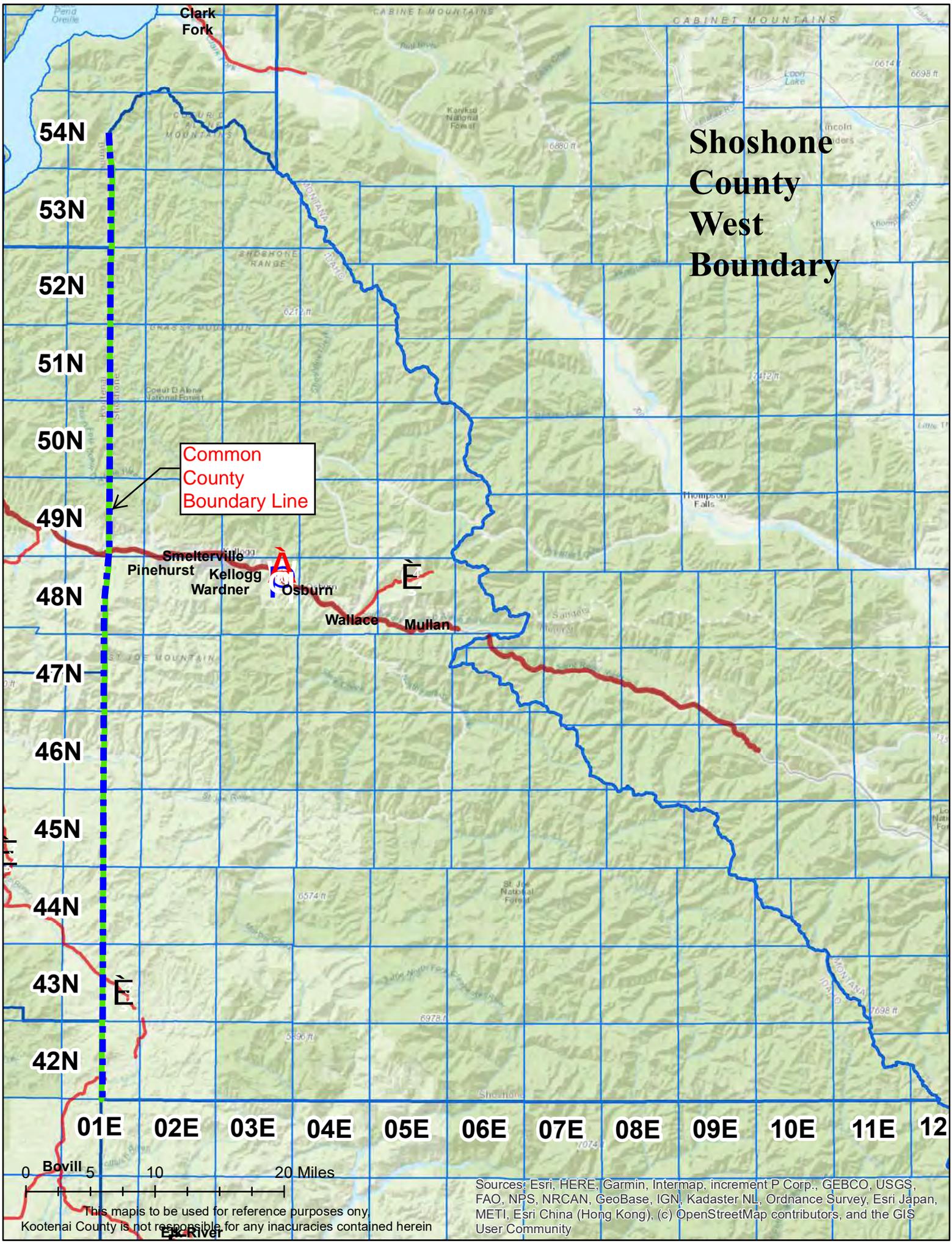
0 3 6 12 Miles

This map is to be used for reference purposes only, Kootenai County is not responsible for any inaccuracies contained herein

Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Shoshone County West Boundary

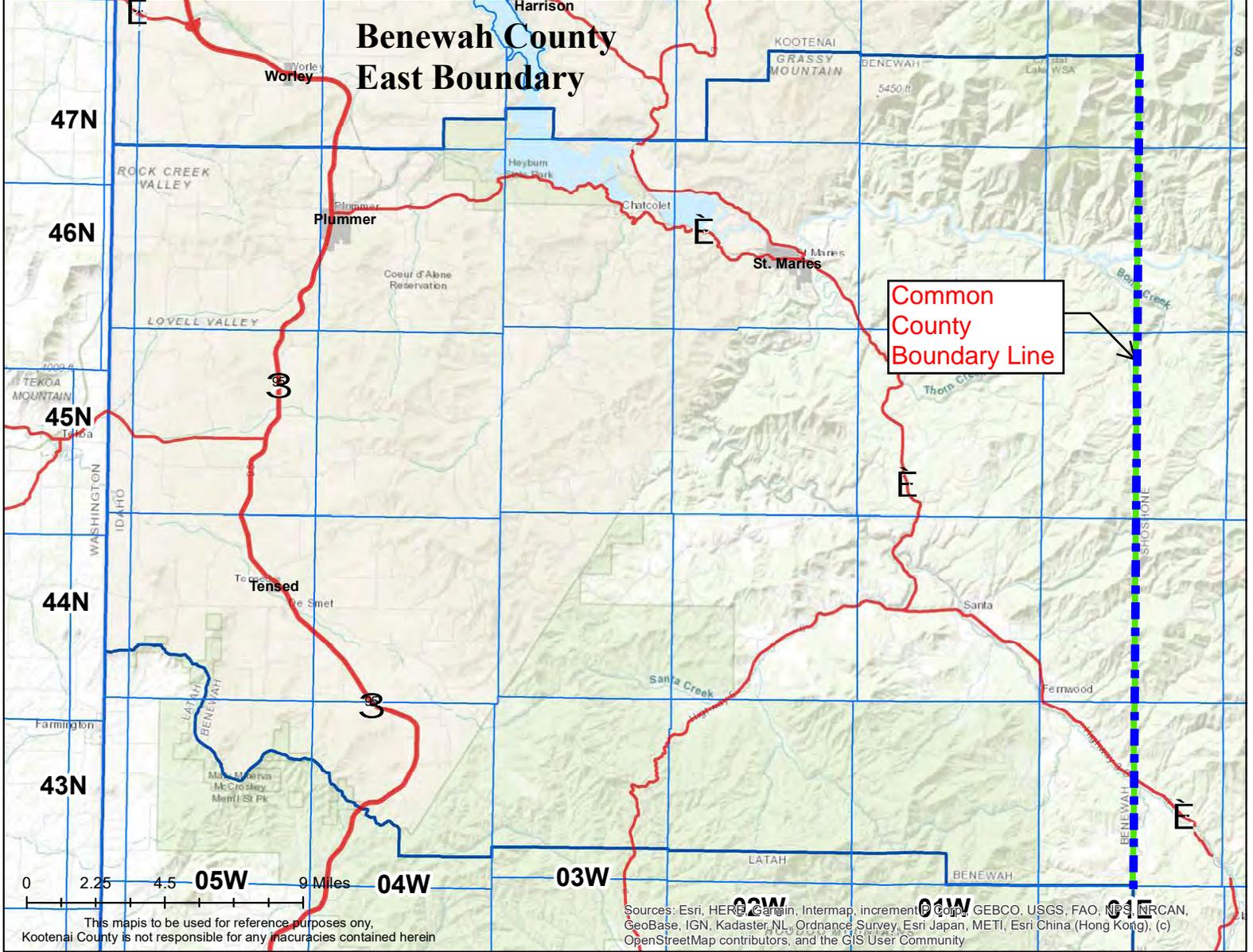
Common
County
Boundary Line



Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

This map is to be used for reference purposes only. Kootenai County is not responsible for any inaccuracies contained herein.

Benewah County East Boundary



Common County Boundary Line

This map is to be used for reference purposes only. Kootenai County is not responsible for any inaccuracies contained herein.

Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

R 01 W

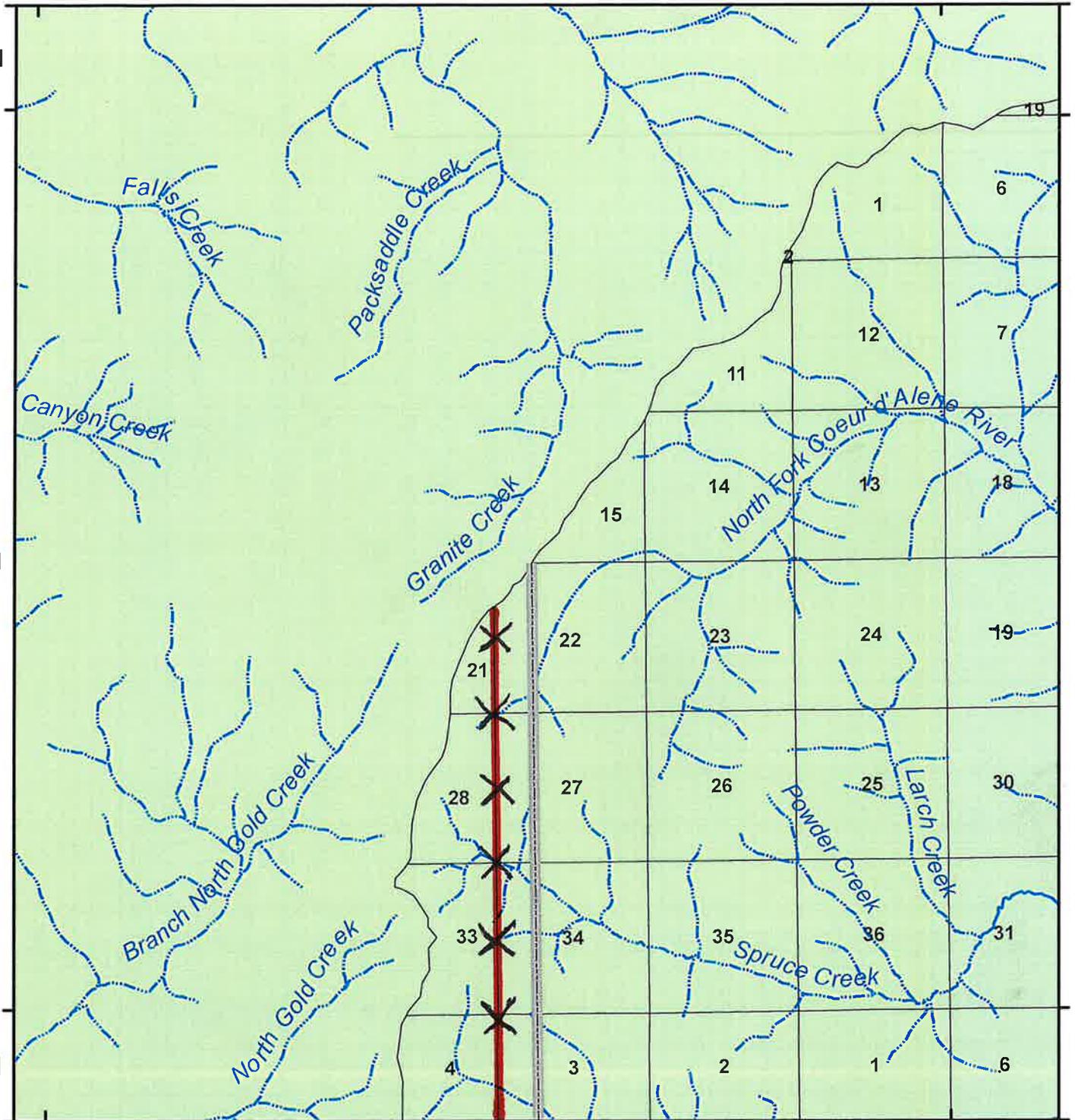
R 01 E

R 02 E

T 55 N

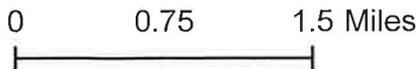
T 54 N

T 53 N



Legend

-  Known Established Corner
-  Established Corner
-  Estimated County Line
-  Paved Highway
-  County Roads
-  Non-highway paved
-  Bureau of Land Management
-  Private
-  State
-  State Fish and Game
-  US Forest Service



**Banner-Shoshone
Border
T54N R01E**

R 01 W

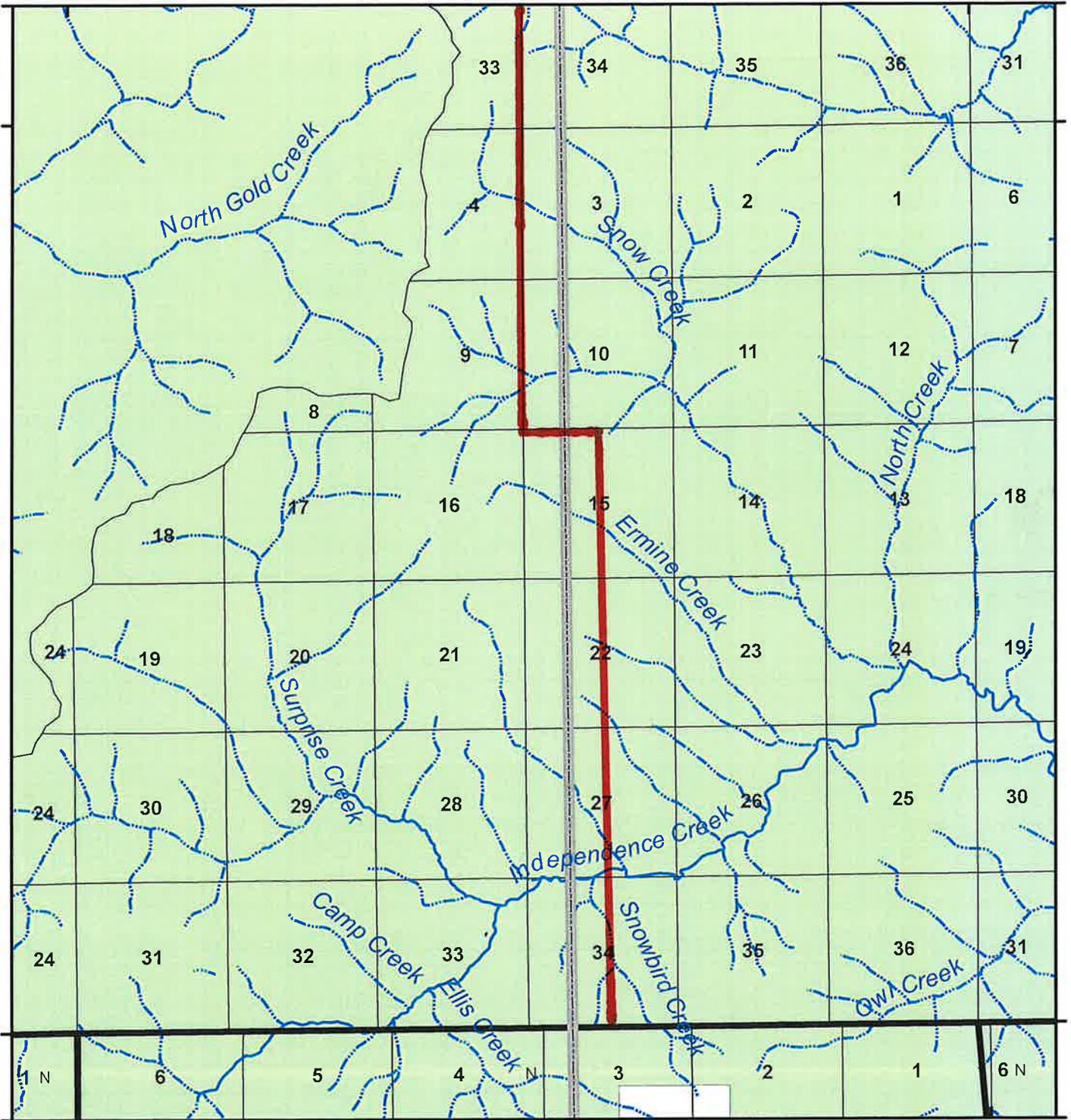
R 01 E

R 02 E

T 54 N

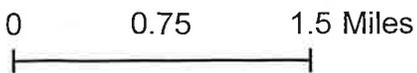
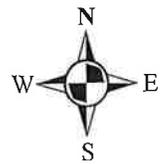
T 53 N

T 52 N



Legend

- | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| ● Known Established Corner | ▬▬▬ County Roads | ■ Bureau of Land Management | ■ State Fish and Game |
| ▬▬▬ Estimated County Line | ▬ Non-highway paved | □ Private | ■ US Forest Service |
| ▬▬▬ Paved Highway | | ■ State | |



**Bonner-Shoshone
Border
T53N R01E**

R 01 W

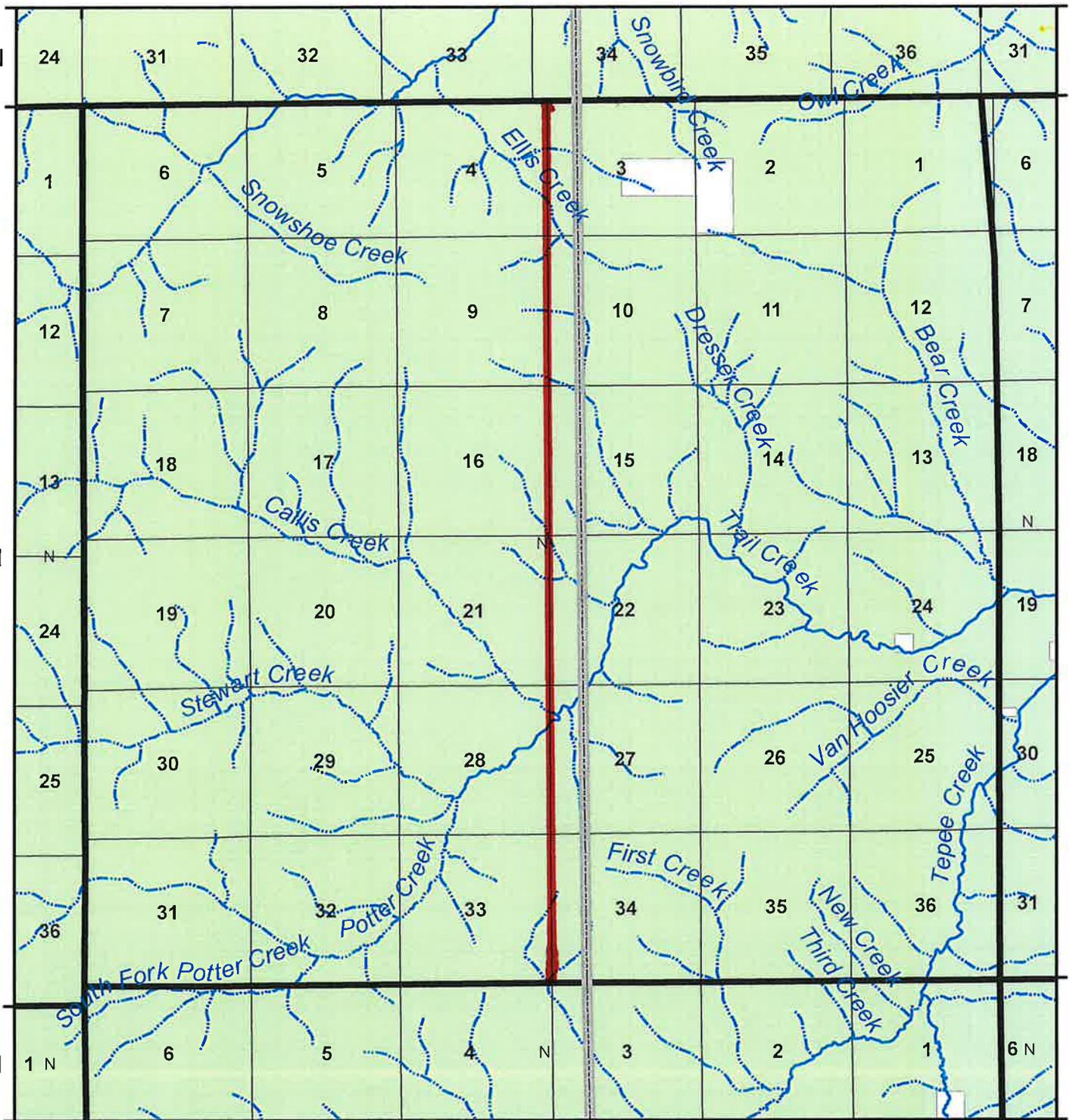
R 01 E

R 02 E

T 53 N

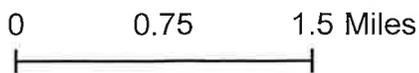
T 52 N

T 51 N



Legend

- Known Established Corner
- ▬ Estimated County Line
- ▬ Paved Highway
- ▬▬ County Roads
- ▬ Non-highway paved
- ▭ Bureau of Land Management
- ▭ Private
- ▭ State
- ▭ State Fish and Game
- ▭ US Forest Service



**Kootenai - Shoshone
Border
T52N R01E**

R 01 W

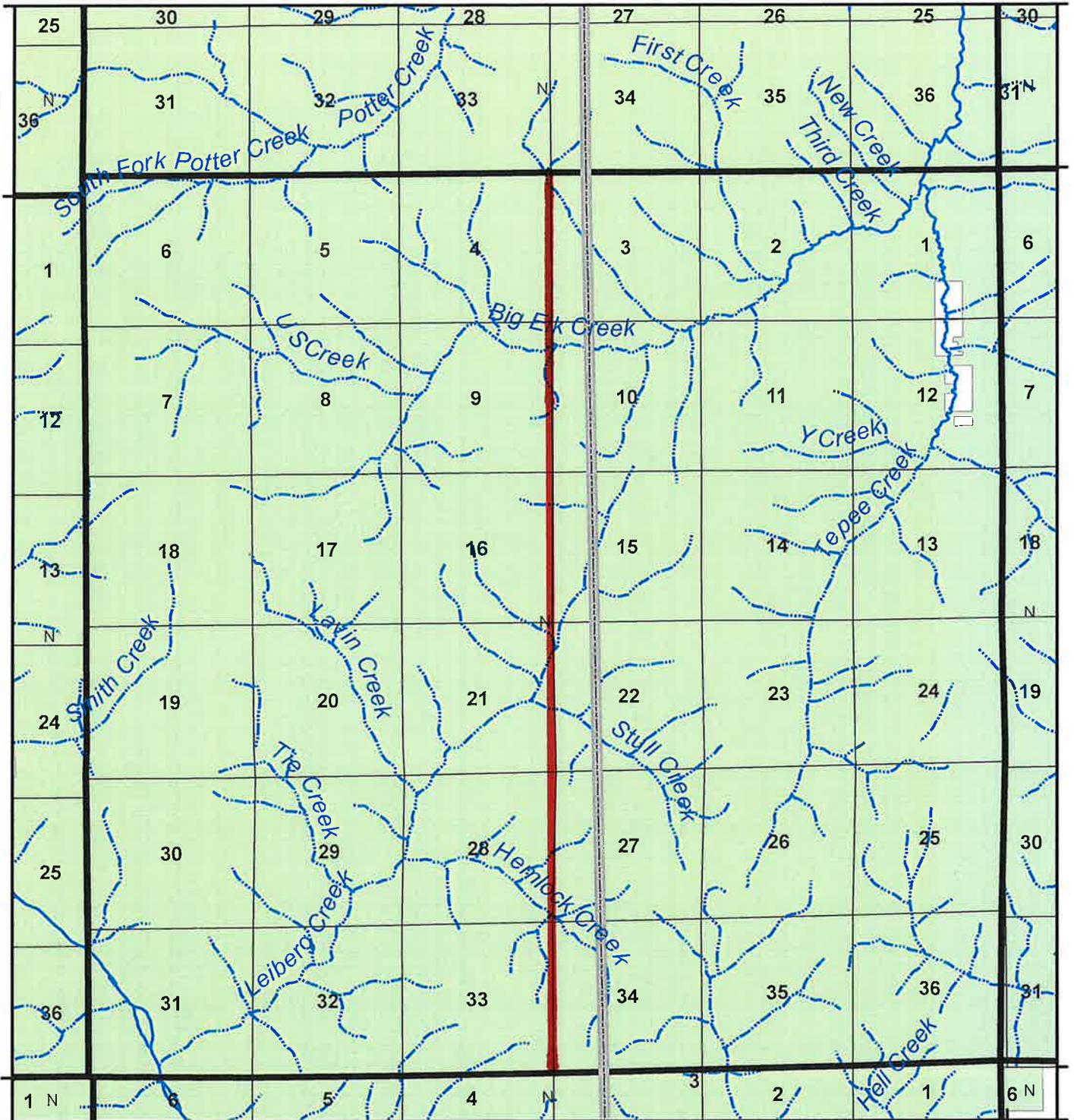
R 01 E

R 02 E

T 52 N

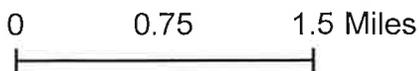
T 51 N

T 50 N

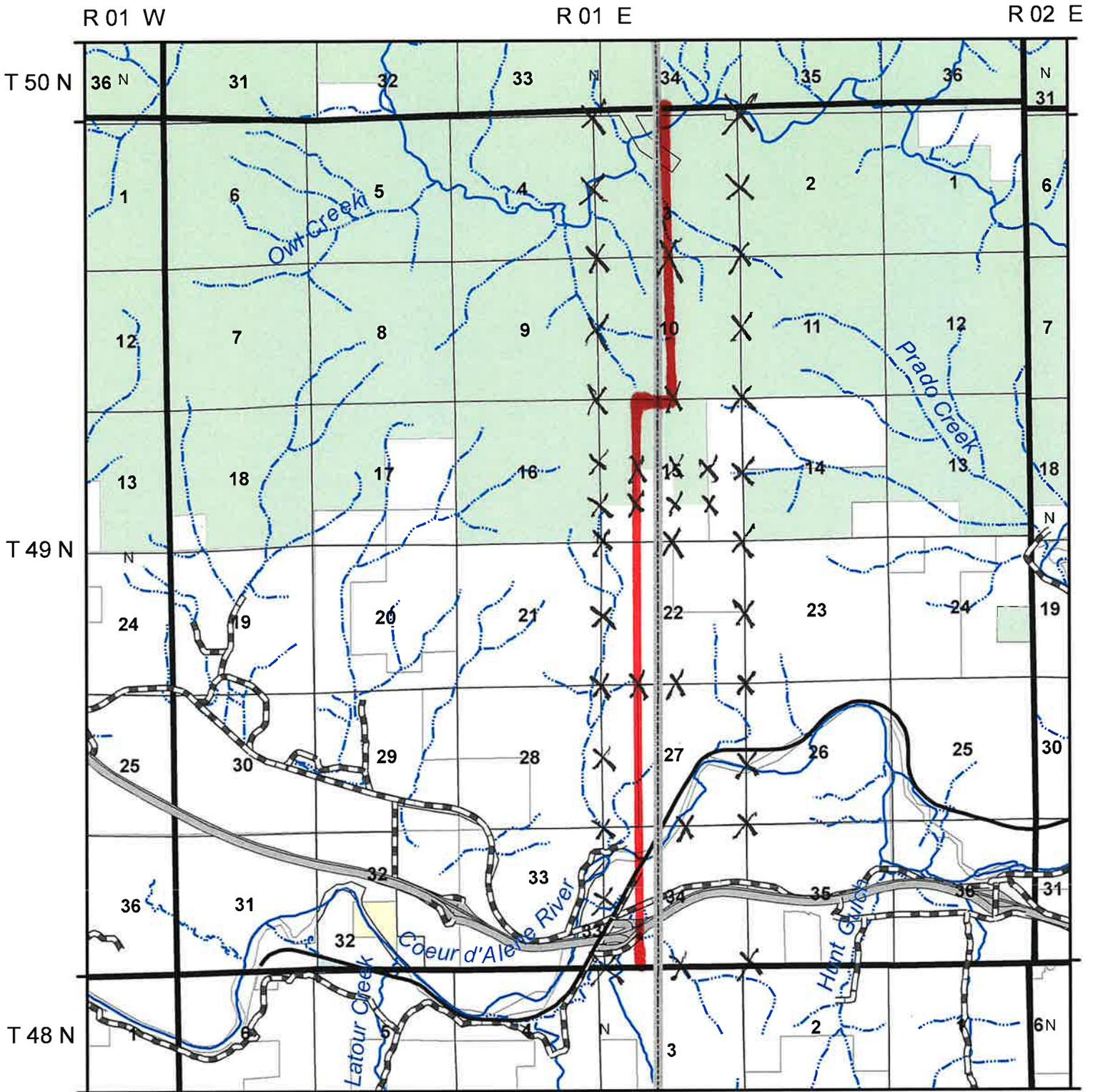


Legend

- Known Established Corner
- ▬ Estimated County Line
- ▬ Paved Highway
- ▬▬ County Roads
- ▬ Non-highway paved
- ▭ Bureau of Land Management
- ▭ Private
- ▭ State
- ▭ State Fish and Game
- ▭ US Forest Service

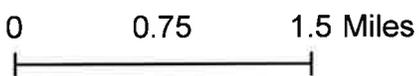


**Kootenai - Shoshone
Border
T51N R01E**

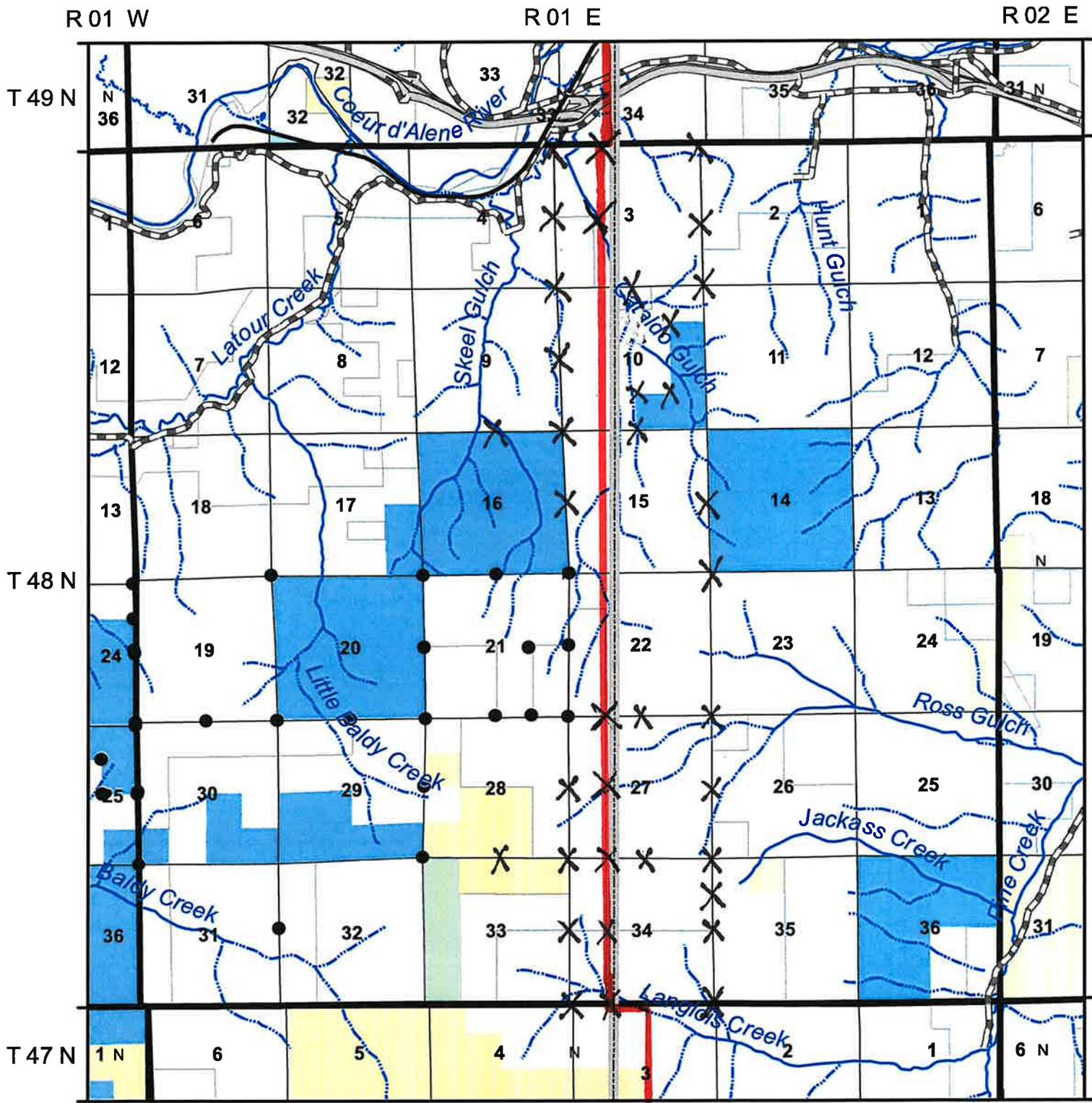


Legend

- Known Established Corner
- Estimated County Line
- == Paved Highway
- County Roads
- Non-highway paved
- Bureau of Land Management
- Private
- State
- State Fish and Game
- US Forest Service

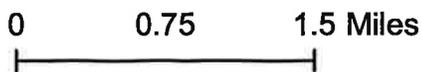
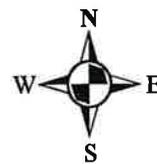


**Kootenai - Shoshone
Border
T49N R01E**

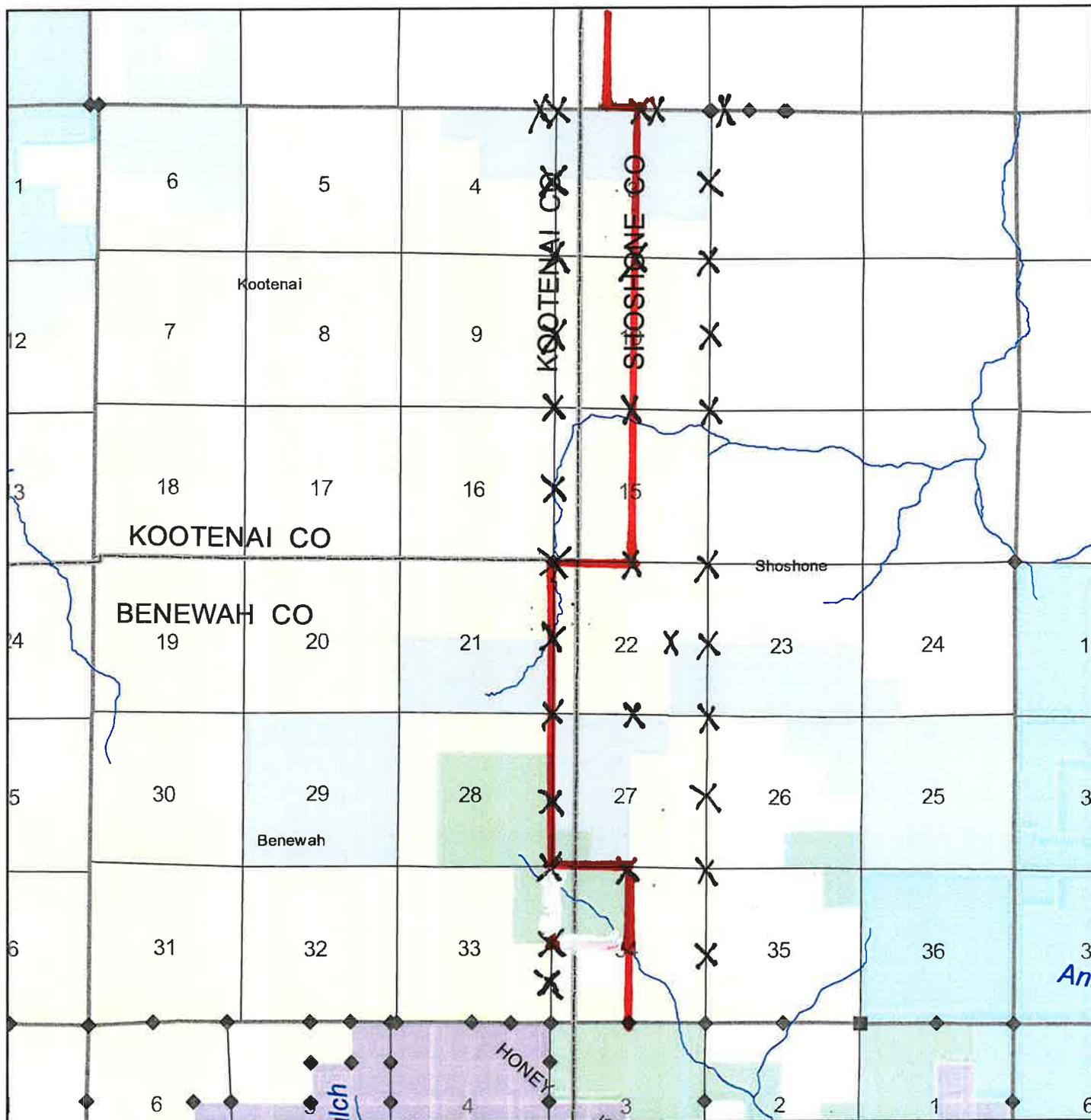


Legend

- Known Established Corner
- Estimated County Line
- Paved Highway
- County Roads
- Non-highway paved
- Bureau of Land Management
- Private
- State
- State Fish and Game
- US Forest Service



**Kootenai - Shoshone
Border
T48N R01E**

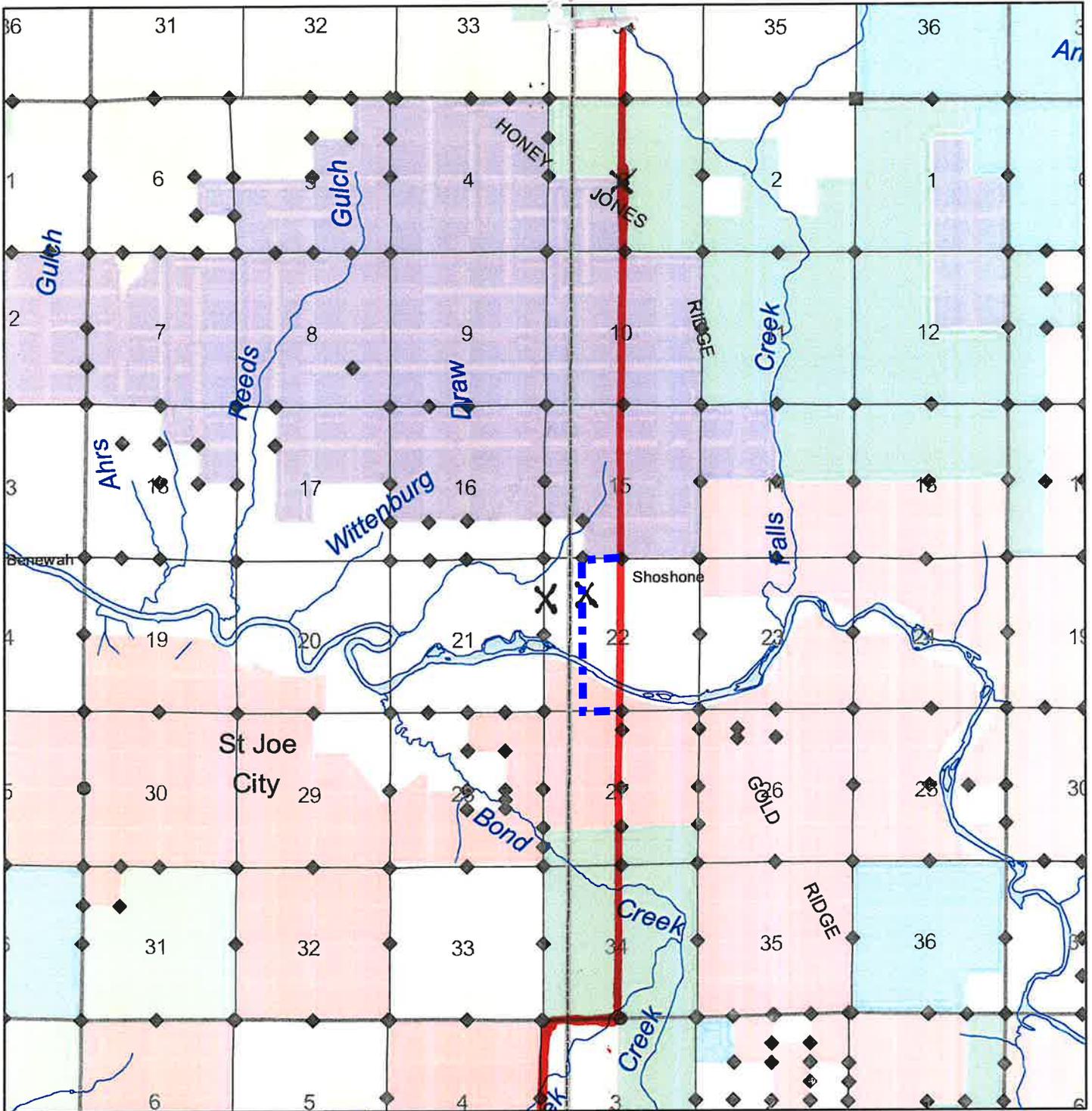


- | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| PotlatchDeltic Land and Lumber, LLC | Idaho Department of Lands | Remonumented Corner |
| Stimson Lumber | Bureau of Land Management | Evidence Found - Needs Remonumentation |
| Hancock | private | No Evidence Found |
| U.S. Forest Service | County Boundary | |

**Benewah - Shoshone
Border
T47NR1E**

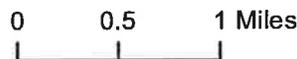


January 29, 2020

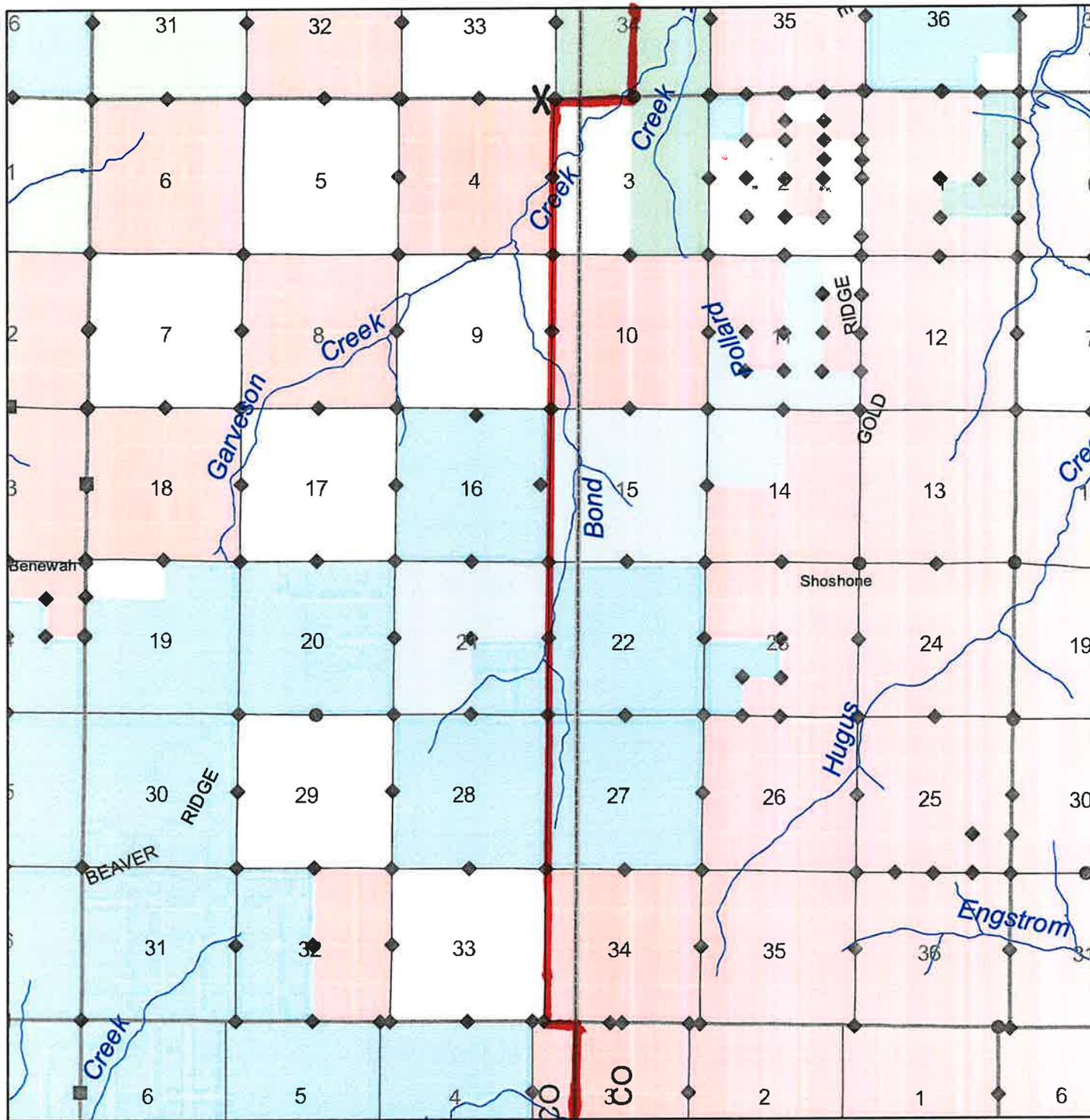


- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| PotlatchDeltic Forest Holdings, Inc. | U.S. Forest Service | Remonumented Corner |
| PotlatchDeltic Land and Lumber, LLC | Idaho Department of Lands | Evidence Found - Needs Remonumentation |
| Inland Empire Paper | Bureau of Land Management | No Evidence Found |
| Stimson Lumber | private | |
| Molpus | water | |
| County Boundary | | |

**Benewah - Shoshone
Border
T46NR1E**



January 29, 2020

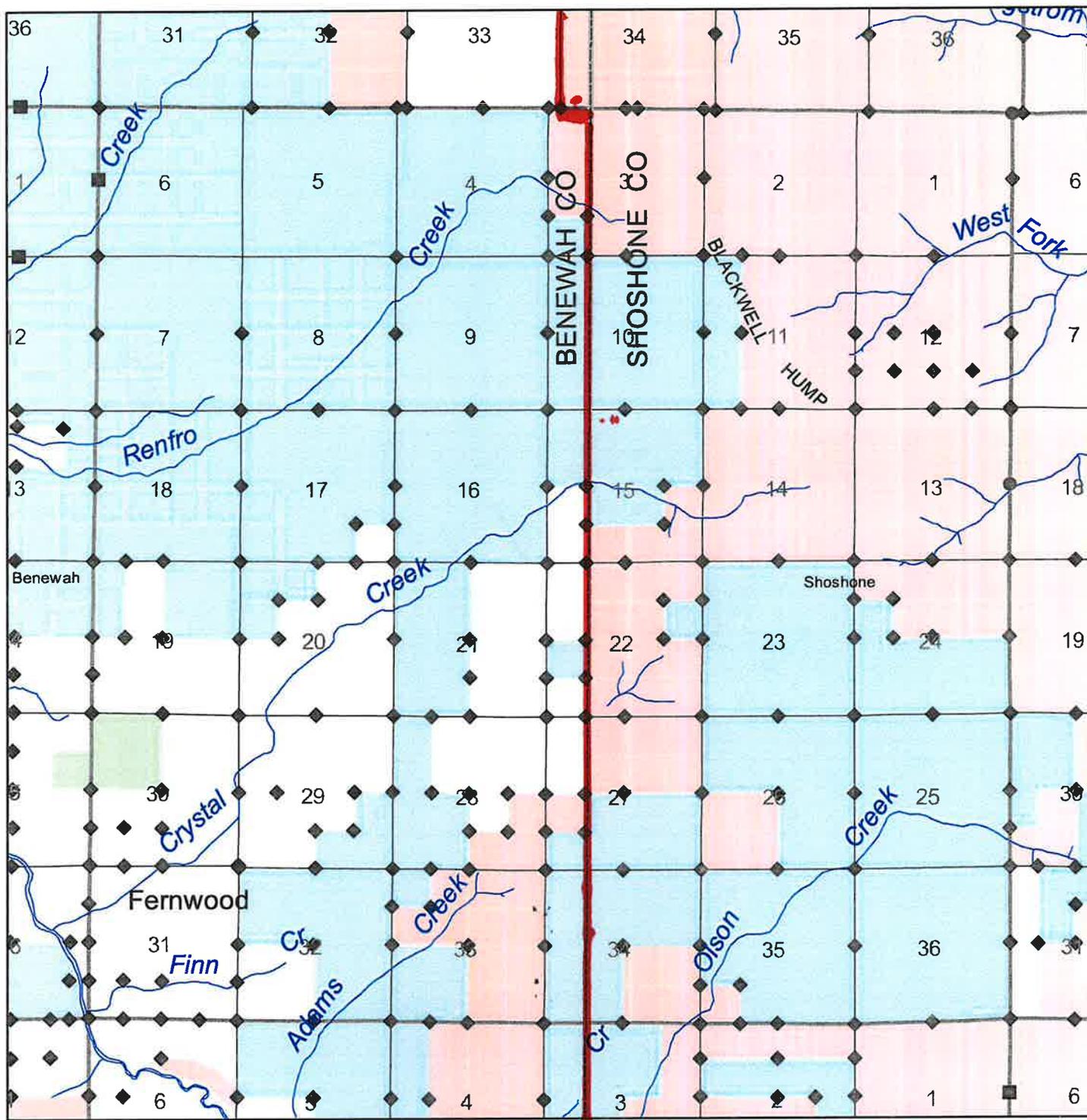


- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| PotlatchDeltic Forest Holdings, Inc. | U.S. Forest Service | Remonumented Corner |
| Inland Empire Paper | Idaho Department of Lands | Evidence Found - Needs Remonumentation |
| Stimson Lumber | private | No Evidence Found |
| Molpus | water | |
| Hancock | County Boundary | |

**Benewah - Shoshone
Border
T45NR1E**

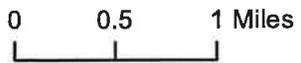


January 29, 2020

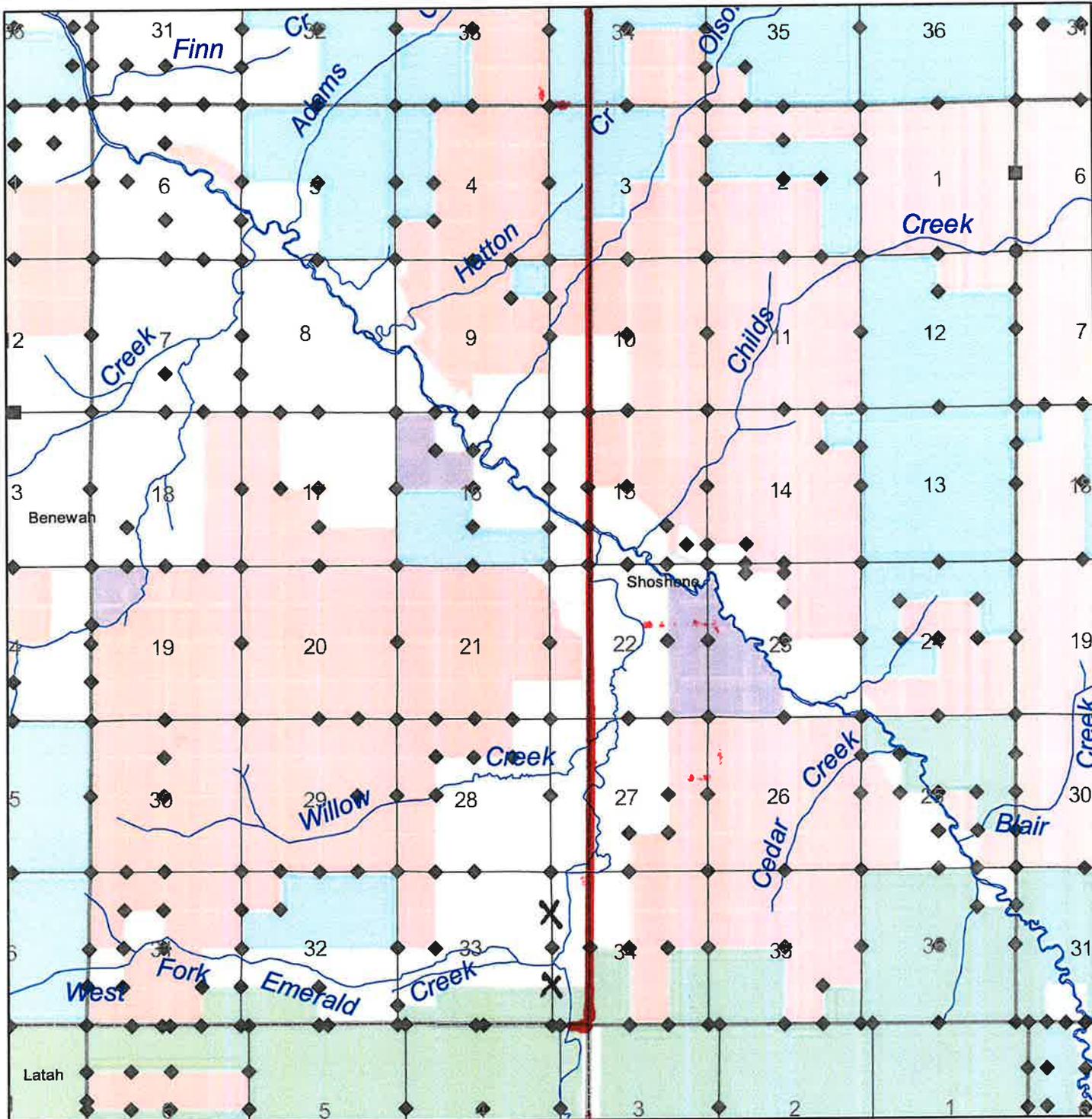


- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| PotlatchDeltic Forest Holdings, Inc. | U.S. Forest Service | Remonumented Corner |
| Bennett Lumber | Idaho Department of Lands | Evidence Found - Needs Remonumentation |
| Stimson Lumber | private | No Evidence Found |
| Molpus | County Boundary | |

**Benewah - Shoshone
Border
T44NR1E**



January 29, 2020



- | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|
|  PotlatchDeltic Forest Holdings, Inc. |  Molpus |  | Remonumented Corner |
|  PotlatchDeltic Land and Lumber, LLC |  U.S. Forest Service |  | Evidence Found - Needs Remonumentation |
|  PotlatchDeltic TRS Idaho, LLC |  Idaho Department of Lands |  | No Evidence Found |
|  Stimson Lumber |  private |  | |
| |  County Boundary | | |

**Benewah - Shoshone
Border
T43NR1E**



0 0.5 1 Miles



January 29, 2020



Idaho Statutes

TITLE 31
COUNTIES AND COUNTY LAW
CHAPTER 2

REMOVAL OF COUNTY SEATS AND CHANGE OF COUNTY BOUNDARIES

31-212. CHANGING COUNTY BOUNDARIES. Whenever the boards of county commissioners of affected counties have by joint ordinance provided that a part of an affected county be stricken off from said county and annexed to an adjoining affected county, the provisions of the constitution being complied with, the qualified electors who have resided ninety (90) days next preceding the first general election after the passage of this chapter within the boundary lines of the territory stricken off and annexed, shall be permitted to vote at said general election, for or against said annexation. If a majority of said electors voting at said election vote in favor of annexation, said territory is then stricken off and annexed, as provided in this chapter: provided, that all the requirements of the constitution have been complied with. If such annexation and change of county boundaries occur, the legislature, at its next regular session, shall redefine the boundaries of the affected counties as set forth in the Idaho Code to conform therewith. The county recorder of the county from which the territory is to be detached may have clearly reproduced by photographing or filming in accordance with the provisions of sections 9-328, 9-329 and 9-330, into permanent records, all instruments, papers and other matters and things relating to or affecting real property in the territory being detached and annexed. When the costs have been determined for the transcribing and indexing of all instruments, documents, records, maps, papers, and all other matters relating to or affecting the property in the territory to be annexed which must be transferred to the annexing county, and the copying and preparing for transfer of all pleadings, court records, and other papers in all court actions and court proceedings to be transferred to annexing county, the board of county commissioners of the county annexing the detached territory shall cause county warrants to be drawn to pay all such costs; said warrants so drawn shall be paid by a tax to be assessed upon all property within the territory being annexed.

History:

[(31-212) 1890-1891, p. 57, sec. 129; reen. 1899, p. 33, sec. 116; am. R.C. & C.L., sec. 477; C.S., sec. 661; I.C.A., sec. 30-212; am. 1949, ch. 56, sec. 1, p. 100; am. 1955, ch. 106, sec. 1, p. 230.]

How current is this law?

Search the Idaho Statutes and Constitution



Idaho Statutes

TITLE 31
COUNTIES AND COUNTY LAW
CHAPTER 27
COUNTY SURVEYOR

31-2705. ESTABLISHMENT OF COUNTY LINES. Whenever it shall be ordered by an act of the legislature to establish the boundary line between two (2) counties, the board of county commissioners of each county interested in the boundary shall jointly select and retain the services of a professional land surveyor to establish said boundary line, or each county shall select and retain the services of a professional land surveyor who shall jointly establish said boundary, and firmly plant and mark corners and monuments of imperishable material, also to prepare plats and field notes jointly, one (1) copy of which shall be filed with the auditor and recorder of each of the counties so interested. The fees and compensations for such surveys, plats and field notes, shall be paid out of the county treasury upon the order of the county commissioners of each county to the respective surveyors so employed.

History:

[(31-2705) 1897, p. 19, sec. 6; reen. 1899, p. 295, sec. 6; reen. R.C. & C.L., sec. 2091; C.S., sec. 3670; I.C.A., sec. 30-2205; am. 1963, ch. 90, sec. 2, p. 286; am. 1989, ch. 101, sec. 1, p. 234.]

How current is this law?

Search the Idaho Statutes and Constitution



Idaho Statutes

TITLE 31
COUNTIES AND COUNTY LAW
CHAPTER 1
COUNTY BOUNDARIES AND COUNTY SEATS

31-142. **SHOSHONE COUNTY**. Shoshone county is described as follows: beginning at a point where the township line between townships forty-one (41) and forty-two (42) north, intersects the western boundary of the state of Montana;

Eastern boundary. Thence in a northerly direction along the said boundary and with the Bitter Root range of mountains until the said range turns in a westerly direction and is called Coeur d'Alene.

Northern boundary. Thence with the said Coeur d'Alene range of mountains in a westerly direction **until a point is attained north of the mouth of the North Fork of the Clearwater river;**

Western boundary. Thence south to the township line between townships forty-one (41) and forty-two (42) north;

Southern boundary. Thence east on the said township line to the intersection of the same with the boundary line of the state of Montana, the place of beginning.

County seat-Wallace.

History:

[(31-142) Compiled and reen. C.L. 3:39; C.S., sec. 46; I.C.A., sec. 30-142.]

How current is this law?

Search the Idaho Statutes and Constitution



Idaho Statutes

TITLE 31
COUNTIES AND COUNTY LAW
CHAPTER 1

COUNTY BOUNDARIES AND COUNTY SEATS

31-107. **BENEWAH COUNTY**. Benewah county is described as follows: beginning at the point of intersection of the Idaho-Washington state line with the north boundary line of township forty-six (46) north;

Western boundary. Thence south along said state line to the point of intersection of said state line with the north boundary line of the county of Latah, as now constituted;

Southern boundary. Thence in a southeasterly and easterly direction along said north boundary line of the county of Latah **to the point of intersection of said north boundary line of Latah county with the west boundary line of the county of Shoshone, as the same is now constituted;**

Eastern boundary. Thence along said west boundary line of Shoshone county to the point of intersection of said west boundary line of Shoshone county with the north boundary line of section twenty-two (22), township forty-seven (47) north, range one (1) east;

Northern boundary. Thence west along the north boundary line of sections twenty-two (22), twenty-one (21), twenty (20) and nineteen (19), township forty-seven (47) north, range one (1) east, to the point of intersection with the Boise meridian; thence along said Boise meridian to the northeast corner of section twenty-four (24), township forty-seven (47) north, range one (1) west; thence west along the north boundary line of sections twenty-four (24), twenty-three (23), twenty-two (22), twenty-one (21), twenty (20) and nineteen (19), township forty-seven (47) north, range one (1) west, to the range line between township forty-seven (47) north, range one (1) west, and township forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west; thence along said last-mentioned range line to the northeast corner of section twenty-four (24), township forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west; thence continuing west along the north boundary lines of sections twenty-four (24), twenty-three (23), twenty-two (22) to the northwest corner of section twenty-two (22), township forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west; thence south along the west line of section twenty-two (22), township forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west, to the northwest corner of section twenty-seven (27), township forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west; thence west along the north line of sections twenty-eight (28) and twenty-nine (29), township forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west, to the northwest corner of section twenty-nine (29), township forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west; thence south along the west line of sections twenty-nine (29) and thirty-two (32), township forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west, to the southwest corner of section thirty-two (32), township forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west; thence west along the township line between townships forty-six (46) and forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west, to the intersection of the range line between ranges two (2) and three (3) west; thence continuing west along the township line between townships forty-six (46) and forty-seven (47) north, range three (3) west, to the southwest corner of section thirty-three (33),



Idaho Statutes

TITLE 31
 COUNTIES AND COUNTY LAW
 CHAPTER 1
 COUNTY BOUNDARIES AND COUNTY SEATS

31-111. **BONNER COUNTY**. Bonner county is described as follows: beginning at a point where the township line between townships fifty-three (53) and fifty-four (54) north intersects the boundary line between the state of Idaho and the state of Washington;

Southern boundary. Thence east on said township line between townships fifty-three (53) and fifty-four (54) north, to the northeast corner of township fifty-three (53) north, range three (3) west; thence north on the range line between sections thirty-six (36) and thirty-one (31), to the northeast corner of section thirty-six (36), township fifty-four (54) north, range three (3) west; thence east six (6) miles to the northeast corner of section thirty-six (36), township fifty-four (54) north, range two (2) west; thence south along the range line between ranges one (1) and two (2) west, to the southwest corner of township fifty-three (53) north, range one (1) west; thence east on the township line between townships fifty-two (52) and fifty-three (53) north, **to the present county line between Kootenai and Shoshone counties; thence north along the west boundary line of Shoshone county to the northwest corner thereof;** thence in an easterly direction along the summit of the Coeur d'Alene range of mountains to the west line of the state of Montana;

Eastern boundary. Thence north along the boundary line between the state of Idaho and the state of Montana (R.C., section 23g) to a point where the south line of township sixty (60) north of range three (3) east intersects the boundary line between the state of Idaho and the state of Montana;

Northern boundary. Thence west along said south line of township sixty (60) through ranges three (3), two (2), and one (1) east, and ranges one (1), two (2), and three (3) west, to the southwest corner of township sixty (60) north, range three (3) west; thence north along the range line between ranges three (3) and four (4) west, to the point where the north line of township sixty-three (63) north, intersects the range line between ranges three (3) and four (4) west; thence west along the said north line of township sixty-three (63) north, ranges four (4) and five (5) west, to a point on the state line between the states of Idaho and Washington where the same is intersected by the said north line of township sixty-three (63) north, range five (5) west (1915, ch. 7, section 2, p. 21);

Western boundary. Thence south along the boundary line between the state of Idaho and the state of Washington to the place of beginning (R.C., section 23g).

County seat—Sandpoint.

History:

[(31-111) Compiled and reen. C.L. 3:11; C.S., sec. 15; I.C.A., sec. 30-111.]



Idaho Statutes

TITLE 31
COUNTIES AND COUNTY LAW
CHAPTER 1

COUNTY BOUNDARIES AND COUNTY SEATS

31-130. **KOOTENAI COUNTY.** Kootenai county is described as follows: beginning at the point of intersection of the west boundary line of Shoshone county with the north boundary line of section twenty-two (22), township forty-seven (47) north, range one (1) east;

Southern boundary. Thence west along the north boundary line of sections twenty-two (22), twenty-one (21), twenty (20) and nineteen (19), township forty-seven (47) north, range one (1) east, to the point of intersection with the Boise meridian; thence along said Boise meridian, to the northeast corner of section twenty-four (24), township forty-seven (47) north, range one (1) west; thence west along the north boundary line of sections twenty-four (24), twenty-three (23), twenty-two (22), twenty-one (21), twenty (20) and nineteen (19), township forty-seven (47) north, range one (1) west, to the range line between township forty-seven (47) north, range one (1) west, and township forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west; thence along said last mentioned range line to the northeast corner of section twenty-four (24), township forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west; thence continuing west along the north boundary lines of sections twenty-four (24), twenty-three (23), twenty-two (22), to the northwest corner of section twenty-two (22), township forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west; thence south along the west line of section twenty-two (22), township forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west, to the northwest corner of section twenty-seven (27), township forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west; thence west along the north line of sections twenty-eight (28) and twenty-nine (29), township forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west, to the northwest corner of section twenty-nine (29), township forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west; thence south along the west line of sections twenty-nine (29) and thirty-two (32), township forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west, to the southwest corner of section thirty-two (32), township forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west; thence west along the township line between townships forty-six (46) and forty-seven (47) north, range two (2) west, to the intersection of the range line between ranges two (2) and three (3) west; thence continuing west along the township line between townships forty-six (46) and forty-seven (47) north, range three (3) west, to the southwest corner of section thirty-three (33), township forty-seven (47) north, range three (3) west; thence north along the west line of section thirty-three (33), township forty-seven (47) north, range three (3) west, to the northwest corner of section thirty-three (33), township forty-seven (47) north, range three (3) west; thence west along the north line of sections thirty-two (32) and thirty-one (31), township forty-seven (47) north, range three (3) west, to the range line between ranges three (3) and four (4) west; thence south along said range line to the northeast corner of section thirty-six (36), township forty-seven (47) north, range four (4) west; thence west along the north line of section thirty-six (36) and thirty-five (35), township forty-seven (47)

north, range four (4) west, to the northwest corner of section thirty-five (35), township forty-seven (47) north, range four (4) west; thence south along the west line of said section thirty-five (35), township forty-seven (47) north, range four (4) west, to the southwest corner of said section thirty-five (35), township forty-seven (47) north, range four (4) west; thence west along the north line of township forty-six (46) north, ranges four (4), five (5) and six (6) west (1915, ch. 4, section 3, pp. 7, 8), to the point of intersection of the Idaho-Washington state line with the northern boundary line of township forty-six (46) north of the Boise base line;

Western boundary. Thence north along said state boundary line to a point where the same is intersected by the line between townships fifty-three (53) and fifty-four (54) north;

Northern boundary. Thence east along said township line between townships fifty-three (53) and fifty-four (54) north, to the northeast corner of township fifty-three (53) north, range three (3) west; thence north on the range line between sections thirty-six (36) and thirty-one (31) to the northeast corner of section thirty-six (36), township fifty-four (54) north, range three (3) west; thence east six (6) miles, to the northeast corner of section thirty-six (36), township fifty-four (54) north, range two (2) west; thence south along the range line between ranges one (1) and two (2) west, to the southwest corner of township fifty-three (53) north, range one (1) west; thence east on the township line between townships fifty-two (52) and fifty-three (53) north, to the intersection of the said line with the western boundary of Shoshone county (1909, p. 318);

Eastern boundary. Thence south along the western boundary of Shoshone county, to the point of beginning (1915, ch. 4, section 2, p. 6).

County seat-Coeur d'Alene.

History:

[(31-130) Compiled and reen. C.L. 3:27; C.S., sec. 34; I.C.A., sec. 30-130.]

How current is this law?

Search the Idaho Statutes and Constitution